BADEN-POWELL

THE TWO LIVES OF A HERO

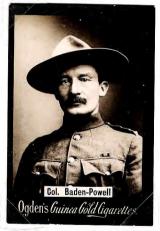
Today, Lord Robert Baden-Powell is known to millions of people world-wide as the founder of Scouting. After the Siege of Mafeking in 1899 – 1900, he was the most famous hero (The Hero of Mafeking) in the British Empire!

Purpose: This display exhibit will develop the two part story of the life of Baden-Powell from the first "Life" from birth through the end of his military career with particular emphasis on the Siege of Mafeking to the second "Life" as the founder, developer and patron of the world-wide Scouting Movement using much contemporary philatelic and collateral material.

Treatment: The first "Life" is in the form of a chronological review of the life of Baden-Powell from his birth in 1857 through is retirement from the military in 1910 as a Lieutenant General. Since his fame as the Hero of Mafeking was based on the successful defense of Mafeking in South Africa in a 217-day siege in 1899 – 1900, a major part of the first "Life" is focused on the Siege of Mafeking. The second "Life" as the founder and successful developer of the world-wide Scouting Movement focuses on the elements of the founding and growth of Scouting such as: beginning at Brownsea Island, diversifying of Scouting, his marriage and family, developing of Scouting symbols, contacts with world-wide leaders, his correspondence, World Jamborees and retirement and death.

Knowledge: Information about the life of Baden-Powell is based on personal study of reference books such as *Two Lives of a Hero* by William Hillcourt and many other references both in print and online. This includes close monitoring of material offered in auctions and on online such as eBay.

Rarity and Condition: Much of the Siege of Mafeking material and Baden-Powell correspondence-related material is very scarce representing over 30 years of searching and collecting of material. The 1936 hand-drawn sketch by Baden-Powell and signed by members of his family is a unique item as are the original artwork for the lithographs of the 1982 Tonga stamps for Brownsea Island and the 1924 Imperial Jamboree. Conditions, due to material being used and from a varied climate, vary from pristine to below average but this material is shown to help tell the story.





Background: Robert Stephenson Smyth Baden-Powell was born in London, England on February 22, 1957. He attended school at Charterhouse then entered the British Army with the 13th Hussars. His early career included service in India, Afghanistan and South Africa. In 1899 he was given command of a small force and ordered to defend a railroad center called Mafeking. At the start of the Second Boer War, his force was surrounded. His fame was due almost entirely to the Siege of Mafeking from October 13, 1899 to May 17, 1900. During the Siege, as the stamp supply ran low three stamps were issued – a bicycle stamp picturing a Bicycle Corps member and two stamps picturing Baden-Powell. These also contributed to his fame. After the Siege, he organized and trained the South African Constabulary.

His second life as the founder of Scouting began with an experimental camp in August 1907 at Brownsea Island. Helped by his fame as a military hero, the greatest youth movement in the world - Scouting, developed and spread rapidly. B-P developed symbols of Scouting and training, and traveled world-wide and met with many other Scout leaders in promoting the new movement. Scouting soon spread to include girls, Cub Scouts and older youth and young men. Baden-Powell was named Chief Scout of the World in 1920 and attended every World Scout Jamboree from 1920 through 1937. He and Lady Baden-Powell retired to Kenya in 1938 and he died there on January 8, 1941.

A number of key items are matted in blue. Philatelic information and additional explanatory information are in normal text while the story of B-P's two lives is in **bold** text. Expertized items are shown with an (e).

BADEN-POWELL

THE TWO LIVES OF A HERO

EXHIBIT PLAN

FIRST LIFE OF A HERO

Birth Astrology Genesis of Name Baden-Powell Childhood Military Career to Boer War Beginning Afghanistan-India-Africa Acting and Hunting Malta Southern Africa Sierra Leone **Boer War Begins** Mafeking Settlement Siege of Mafeking Siege Begins Julius Weil Cover Boer War Commanders Overprinted and Surcharged Stamps Mafeking Local Mail **Runner** Posts Northern Route Southern Route Civil duties Mafeking Mail Siege Slip **Baden-Powell Head Stamps** Mafeking Cadet Corps **Bicycle Stamp** Game Tree Fort Siege Lifted **B-P** Fan Mail Post Mafeking South African Constabulary Inspector General and Retirement

SECOND LIFE OF A HERO

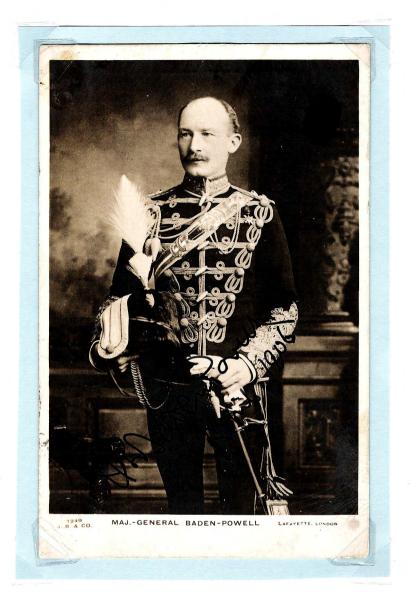
Criticism and Challenge Brownsea Island King's Message to Boy Scouts **Scouting Diversifies** World War I Marriage and Family Scouting Symbols Wood Badge Gilwell Park World-Wide Scouting Leaders World-Wide Travels **Baden-Powell Correspondence Imperial Jamboree** World Jamborees First Jamboree Second Jamboree Third Jamboree Fourth Jamboree Fifth Jamboree Farewell to Scouting Retirement Death - January 8, 1941

EXHIBIT THEME

The theme for this exhibit comes from the official biography of Lord Baden-Powell, "Baden-Powell – Two Lives of a Hero," by William Hillcourt, with Olave, Lady Baden-Powell



THE FIRST LIFE OF A HERO



Defender of Mafeking

Autographed in April 1906

Robert Stephenson Smyth Baden-Powell became the Hero of Mafeking in 1900 for leading the successful defense during the 217-day Siege of Mafeking.

1

BIRTH

Robert Stephenson Smyth Powell, the eighth child and sixth son of Henrietta Grace Smyth and Professor Baden Powell, was born February 22, 1857, near Hyde Park in London, England.



Caricature showing the tie between Baden-Powell, the military man, and Baden-Powell, the Scouter.



Issued February 22, 1957

1

125th anniversary of birth



Issued February 22, 1982

150th anniversary of birth



Issued July 9, 2007

BIRTH

i

Announcement folder for set of two Cuban stamps for the Centenary (1857 – 1957) of birth of Lord Baden-Powell, Founder of Boy Scouts, with Asociacion de Scouts de Cuba hand stamp and February 22, 1957 first day hand cancellation.



BIRTH

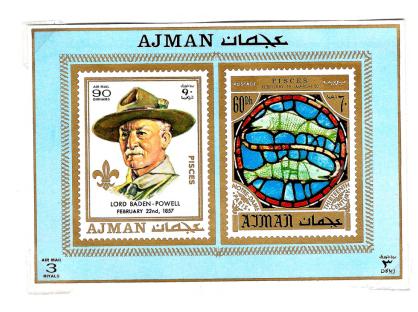
Design Errors on Date of Birth



Nicaragua, on 19 April 1957, issued a set of 15 stamps and a souvenir sheet for the 100th anniversary of the birth of Founder of Scouting. The year dates are given as 1856 - 1956 instead of 1857 - 1957, as shown on this airmail souvenir sheet.

D.S.G. 199

The 133rd anniversary date is shown as February 23rd in the cancellation Instead of February 22nd in this El Salvador event cover.





Missing black printing

FUJEIRA

In addition to Baden-Powell, other famous persons are shown on this souvenir sheet.

Baden Powell

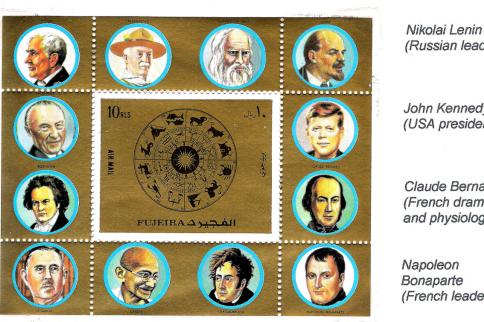
Leonardo de Vinci (Italian painter)

Thomas Edison (USA Inventor)

Konrad Adenauer (German statesman)

Ludwig von Beethoven (German composer)

Charles deGaulle (French soldier & statesman)



Mahatma Gandhi (India independence leader)

Francois Chateaubriand (French novelist)

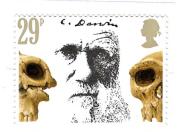
(Russian leader)

John Kennedy (USA president)

Claude Bernard (French dramatist and physiologist)

(French leader)

GENESIS OF NAME BADEN-POWELL

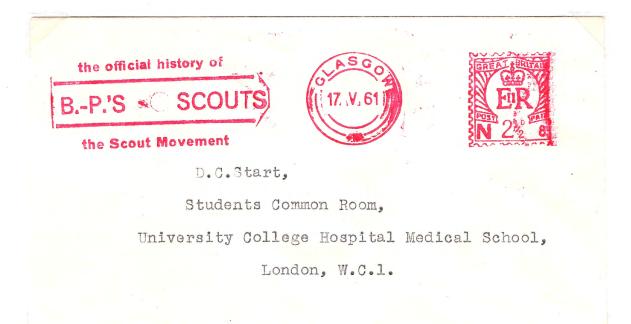


Robert Stephenson Smyth Powell's father, Baden Powell, was a noted mathematician and Oxford professor. He was roundly criticized as one of early supporters of Charles Darwin's *Theory of Evolution*.

Charles Darwin

Professor Powell died in 1860. To honor her late husband, Henrietta Powell endeavored to change the family name to Baden-Powell. This was done in 1869 (Legally decreed in 1902). After 1869, Robert Stephenson Smyth Powell became Robert Stephenson Smyth Baden-Powell, or informally "B-P."





B-P slogan meter used by Scout Shop to advertise a small book on the History of the Scout Movement.

CHILDHOOD

СТО



Thackeray

B-P's childhood was fairly typical for upper middle class English boys in the mid to late 1800's.

Several famous people were regular visitors in the Powell home. Among them was William Makepeace Thackeray, author of *Vanity Fair*, and Charles Babbage, "father of the computer."

B-P was the cabin boy for his older brothers on the family cutter, "The Diamond." His first attempt at cooking was a disaster.



Babbage



Failure?

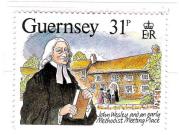


B-P showed artistic ability at an early age. His first illustrations were for *Gil Blas* by Alain Le Sage.

sent to a priv Charterhous located in Lo

sent to a private boarding school, Charterhouse (founded in 1611), located in London

In 1870, B-P, at the age of 13, was



Le Sage

Wesley

In addition to Thackeray, other famous alumni (Old Carthusians) of Charterhouse include John Wesley, early Methodist leader, and Ralph Vaughan Williams, composer.



Williams

CHILDHOOD



Gen. Oglethorpe

In 1872, Charterhouse was moved 30 miles southwest of London to Godalming, Surrey at the boyhood stomping ground of James Edward Oglethorpe, the founder of the 13th Colony – Georgia – in what later became the United States of America.



It was in the nearby woods that Baden-Powell started learning the secrets of nature and the outdoors – in such trivial pursuits as hiding from the teachers and snaring hares.



Godalming, still the location of Charterhouse School.



Free franked cover mailed in July, 1918 by member of 208th O. S. Battalion of the Canadian Army stationed at Godalming in World War I. CHILDHOOD

Choir Boy at Charterhouse

Note: B-P's hand written note, "Keep copy for me."

Kup Com bene When I prot went to my public school, Charterbonze, the celebratic John Hullah was the Music master. He took to new boys into the hisritight SW Tapestined the room at the Charter house - The room in which Queen Sligebett had often been - as There he tries our voices. Each boy after bey Tested was shal to one or other corner of the room. When it care to my throw I was put into a thind comers, all h myself, as Then I remained the solutary our with all those meant has been thed. It though out later That one lot where likely singers for the choir, the other lot has when no vouce or no ear, while) - pour me - was indust have a falsetto voice. At Congues only a shrill treth this How M. Hullah discoursed this I sont know, hel it was gut the, for I was

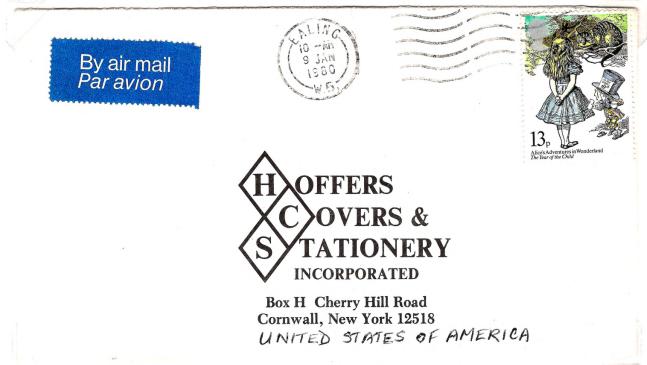
Some time later in his life, Baden-Powell wrote about being in the choir at Charterhouse and urges boys , if they are blessed with singing talent, to "sing with your heart, and with reverence."

Shown here is the front page of nearly 3 ½ pages written by B-P. He tells about, as being new students, the boys were tested by the celebrated John Hullah, the music master. (Mr. Hullah was a famous English composer and music educator and **Charterhouse organist** from 1858 to his death in 1884.) Baden-Powell was singled out for his falsetto singing voice and spent six years in the choir

MILITARY CAREER to BOER WAR

BEGINNING OF MILITARY CAREER

After leaving Charterhouse, B-P applied for entrance to Oxford. He was failed in mathematics by Professor Charles Lutwidge Dodgson, better known as Lewis Carroll, the author of *Alice in Wonderland*.

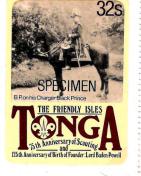


However, he passed the examinations for the Army with a high rating and was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in 1876 and was assigned to the 13th Hussars in India.

While in India he became







Tonga specimen gutter pair self adhesives with advertising on back "Tonga where time begins"



Ogden's Cigaret Card

B-P on Charger Black Prince



an expert horseman and polo player.

Polo

AFGHANISTAN - INDIA - AFRICA

The British suffered a disastrous defeat at Maiwand. Afghanistan in 1879. Baden-Powell was assigned in 1880 to investigate causes of the disaster.





These imperforate stamps show the monument later erected at the Maiwand battle site by the Afghans to commemorate their greatest victory over the British.



In 1883, at Meerut, India, B-P won the Kadir Cup for pigsticking, a dangerous form of wild boar hunting. He introduced Prince Arthur, Duke of Connaught, to the sport.



Prince Arthur

In 1884, B-P started the first of several tours of military duty in Africa. The highlight of one of these tours was a visit to Victoria Falls.

Me gean Lergunon 353N Calvert St, Baltimore 2. maryland 11 5 A.

Posted at Bulawavo. an endpoint of the north native runner trail of Siege of Mafeking.

ACTING

Baden-Powell considered himself to be quite an actor. At Kandahar, Afghanistan in 1881, he starred as the Major General in Gilbert and Sullivan's <u>The Pirates of Penzanze</u>, while wearing the borrowed full dress uniform of a visiting British general.



The Pirates of Penzanze

Air mail rate to U.S.A. for periodicals

HUNTING

While in Africa, B-P quickly gained fame as a hunter and tracker. Among the wild game he hunted were the kudu, hippopotamus, and springbok.

Kudu

South A



ADENIUM OBESUM

HIPPOPOTAMUS

l'- Postage Dosgeld Suid-Afrika

B-P considered the kudu horn as a most attractive trophy.

Springbok



First setenant pair issued (1926) with Afrikaans on one stamp and English on the other.

B-P's technique in hippopotamus hunting earned him nickname of M'hlalapanzi – 'the man who lies down to shoot,'

Imperforate 1997 Zaire souvenir sheet with small Scout emblem in center right of the sheet.

MALTA

Baden-Powell was stationed at Malta from 1890 – 1893 as the Secretary and Aide De Camp for the British Commander-in-Chief for Malta, General Henry A. Smyth, B-P's uncle. While in Malta, he traveled throughout the Mediterranean area combining sightseeing and spying.



He posed as an entomologist, "butterfly catcher," to spy on Austrian-controlled Dalmatian coast. Fortifications were disguised in sketches of butterfly wings.

1994 Dominica souvenir sheet for Scouts and nature.

B-P painted "Athens at Dawn" while on a sightseeing trip to Greece.



These two stamps, "Athens at Dawn," were issued as part of a 1963 set of 5 stamps issued for the XI World Jamboree held at Marathon, Greece, August 1 - 11, 1963. Additional postage on back of cover to pay for the air mail rate from Athens to Velvendos, Macedonia on August 6, 1963.

SOUTHERN AFRICA

As result of his duty tours (1884 – 5, 1888 – 9, 1896), Baden-Powell was associated with or acquainted with many influential English and Boer leaders.



1941 censored mail to U.S.A.

Among these leaders was Cecil John Rhodes, founder of British South Africa Company and an empire builder.

In 1893, Rhodes' forces routed the Matebele and acquired their land - later part of Rhodesia.

nn U. Booker Bre 59 Al. Georges. muda Bev1

1940 censored mail to Bermuda

SOUTHERN AFRICA – GOLD COAST



B-P knew Dr. Leander Starr Jameson, a Rhodes crony, and leader of the ill-fated Jameson Raid in January 1896.

The Matabeleland Uprising followed. B-P commanded part of military forces but was not involved in military action as Rhodes negotiated peace.





Piet J. Joubert, Paul Kruger and M. S. Pretorius, leaders of first triumvirate government formed in South Africa in 1880. B-P knew most of the leading Boer leaders personally.



Jan Christian Smuts, later South Africa Prime Minister

In 1895-1896, B-P led the advance Party of the Ashanto Expedition in the Gold Coast to overthrow King Prempeh of Kumasi. The Expedition left Cape Coast Castle on Dec. 16, 1895 and returned on Jan. 29, 1896.



Cape Coast Castle 1500's



Natives communicating with drums

WORLD-WIDE TRAVELS

To promote Scouting, B-P traveled extensively. Lady Baden-Powell often traveled with him.



Visit to Jersey May 6, 1924

Maldives miniature sheet issued for 19th World Jamboree in Chile in 1998.

B-P inspecting Scouts at Amesbury, England circa 1909

B-P and Olave visiting Children on South Africa tour 1927

B-P passing out merit badges to Chicago Scouts in 1926. He received first Silver Buffalo there.



Visit to Bermuda February 22, 1930



Visit to Isle of Man 1911



INDIA – BOER WAR STARTS



Churchill in uniform of South African Light Horse Regiment in 1899 in South Africa.

This Guinea souvenir sheet shows Churchill as a cadet with B-P in the Siege of Mafeking - all in error! Churchill was older (about 25) and was not at Mafeking. He was a war correspondent for the London Post during the Boer War. About 30 days after the Siege ended, he obtained an exclusive interview with Baden-Powell.

In 1897 – 8, B-P was stationed again in Meerut, India. While there, he met Winston Spencer Churchill (then 23 years old).



In 1899, while B-P was on leave from India in England, the lid blew off the South African situation and the Boer War began. He was sent back to South Africa and was named the Colonel commanding a force to defend the Bechuanaland area. He picked Mafeking as a central storage point.

RECHITA BECHUANALAND PRO NG GEOR Mr. Edward Walker Sheppard bratt Aospital Yownson M.D.

Mafeking was still part of the Bechuanaland Protectorate in 1937 when King George VI was crowned.

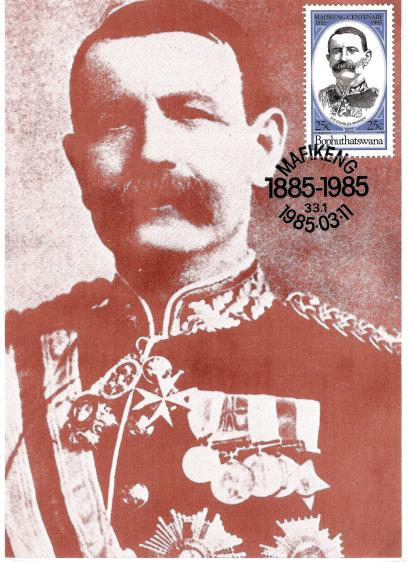
MAFEKING SETTLEMENT



Molema Tawana, a leader of the Barolong native tribe, settled along the Molopo River (in what is now northwest South Africa) in 1857 at the "Place of Stones," Mafikeng. Originally called "Molema's Town,' it soon became Mafikeng. The rest of the tribe, led by Chief Montshiwa, Molema's brother, settled there in the late 1870's. Chief Montshiwa died at Mafikeng on October 19, 1896.

Chief Montshiwa

These two stamps were issued by Bophuthatswana on March 11, 1885 for the Mafikeng Centenary (100 years of founding of British Mafeking).



General Charles Warren, leader of British expedition to Bechuanaland in 1884 – 1885. Negotiated settlement with Transvaal. Laid out a town that became a railroad junction. This town was called <u>Mafeking</u> by the British to differentiate it from Mahikeng, the native tribal town, and Mafikeng, the surrounding urban area. Baden-Powell's brother, George, was Warren's political adviser.

SIEGE OF MAFEKING

SIEGE OF MAFEKING BEGINS

Colonel Baden-Powell originally had no intention to defend Mafeking but as war approached, he was ordered to defend it. War broke out on October 11, 1899 and by the nightfall of October 13, the Boers had surrounded Mafeking. <u>The Siege of Mafeking</u> had begun!

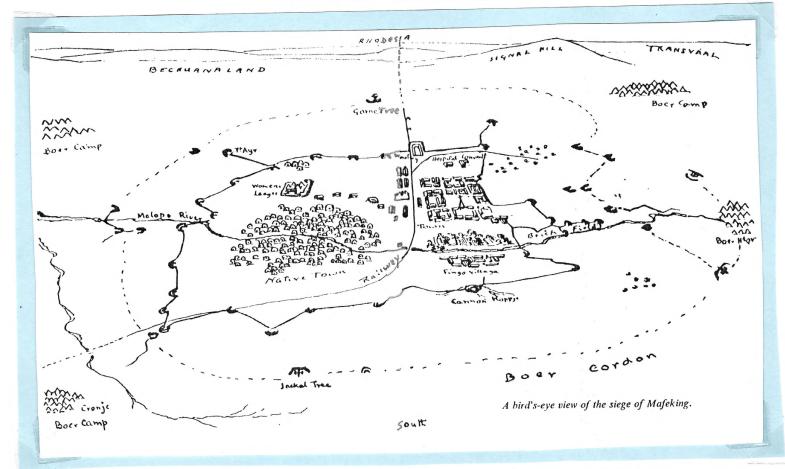
Mafeking at various times has been considered to be a part of Bechuanaland, Bechuanaland Protectorate, South Africa, etc. In 1899, it was considered by the British to be a part of the Cape of Good Hope. Therefore, the postal canceller used almost exclusively during the Siege read "Mafeking C.G.H." Shown here are three examples of CGH stamps used during the Siege.







Note that all three are dated April 12, 1900.



MAP OF MAFEKING BESIEGED

JULIUS WEIL COVER

Julius Weil, a merchant, was responsible for bringing large quantities of stores into Mafeking prior to the siege, enabling the town to hold out. He tried sending a letter to his wife in Cape Town on October 12, 1899 but was unable to do so. The letter was detained in Mafeking for almost eight months.

Mrs B. B. Ebul Jucen Hore Leapaent Cape Four

Backstamped Kimberley on June 3, 1900 and Seapoint on June 30, 1900 These back stamps show routing after Siege ended.



Back side - reduced

BOER WAR COMMANDERS

Starting in December 1899, Baden-Powell's commanding officer was Field Marshall Lord Frederick Roberts, victor over the Afghans at Kandahar in 1880 where B-P served under Roberts as a young officer. Roberts held command in South Africa until November 1900 and had defeated most of the Boers.

SOUVENIR 190 90 Dear her 04 Nis 1 0 SP8 Now 0 Lt. Colonel R.S.S. Baden Powel

Patriotic post card mailed in October 1901. Note the reference to Lord Roberts in the message.



Roberts was succeeded as Commander in November 1900 by Field Marshall Horatio Herbert Kitchener, his Chief of Staff. Kitchener had won fame at Battle of Omdurman in Sudan in 1898. He was B-P's superior in South Africa until 1902.

Kitchener shown here with George Kneale, a Manx Army hero. This is one of 3 sheets issued in 2000, including one that shows Baden-Powell.

BOER COMMANDER – SIEGE BANK NOTE

The commander of the Boer forces of nearly 8.000 surrounding Mafeking was Gen Piet A. Cronje, who on January 2, 1896 had captured Dr. Jameson at the end of the Jameson Raid. At the end of 1899, Cronje split his forces and left Mafeking to fight forces led by Lord Frederick Roberts. On February 28, 1900, Cronje was defeated and taken prisoner and sent to prison camp on St. Helena Island.



Letter from Boer POW Pieter Labuschagne in Cape of Good Hope to F.J. Labuschagne in care of Gen. Cronje on St. Helena. Received on November 1, 1901 with purple Censored Prisoner of War Delivered hand stamp.

Baden-Powell quickly realized that maintaining morale was key to successful defense of Mafeking. He took over the postal and banking systems, started a Siege newspaper and set up Sunday games and entertainment. When coinage ran out early in January 1900, he authorized issuing of bank notes that could be redeemed at the end of the Siege.



This 3 shilling note was issued in February 1900 with facsimile signature of Capt. H. Greener, military postmaster and chief paymaster.

OVERPRINTED and SURCHARGED STAMPS

Soon the stamp supply for civilian use started running low so all available stamps were overprinted "Mafeking Besieged" with appropriate surcharge amount. Stamps from the Cape of Good Hope, British Bechuanaland and Bechuanaland Protectorate were used. Many of these stamps are shown below.

Due to the crude and improvised conditions of printing, a number of errors and varieties exist. Two are shown in this selection of stamps.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE











Missing Comma after Mafeking

BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE



Faulty "G"





MAFEKING LOCAL MAIL – RUNNER POSTS

The need for a reliable postal service was precipitated by the daily shelling by the Boers that made it difficult for people to move freely within the besieged area. Postage rates were set based on difficult locations. The rate was 1 pence for mail within the main part of the town and 3 pence for mail to or from the town to the forts and outposts.

hateking

Cover addressed to a Mr. Moore, one of the civilians trapped in the Siege, at the Commercial Hotel, and franked with a 3d on 1d Cape of Good Hope stamp. Although the point of origin for this cover is not known, it is likely that it was an in town mailing, thereby meaning that the cover is overfranked by 2 pence.

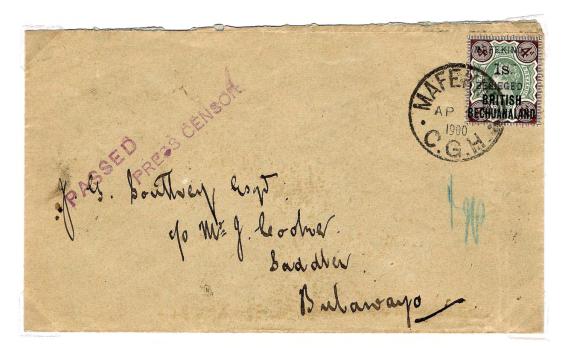
Although the overprinted stamps were intended for local use, postal service from the besieged town to the outside was available by means of native runners, particularly as the Boer cordon weakened starting in the spring of 1900. As risks were high, the rates were set at 1 shilling per ½ ounce to the more dangerous North route via Bulawayo and 6d to the South via Kimberley.



1991 Ghana stamp honoring heroic native runner trying to avoid Boer sentry while Carrying mail through Boer lines. Many runners were caught and/or shot by the Boers.

NORTHERN ROUTE COVERS

Cover to Bulawayo paid correctly at the 1/- Northern Route rate by 1s overprint on 4d British Bechuanaland cancelled April 13, 1900 & backstamped at Bulawayo on April 26th. The cover is endorsed "1/-" and initialed in blue crayon below the stamp and handstamped by two-line purple "PASSED/PRESS CENSOR."



A second cover to Bulawayo slightly overpaid at the 1/- Northern Route rate by 3d surcharge on Cape of Good Hope 1d block of four and with markings similar to the above cover. It appears that covers addressed to Bulawayo were censored by military (Army Post) before delivery but transiting letters were not censored.

PASS

SOUTHERN ROUTE MAIL



1 d Mafeking surcharges on a Cape of Good Hope ½ d block of six on piece, apparently paying the correct rate via the Southern Route to Kimberley. Postmarked March 28, 1900.

Cover to England correctly paid at the 6d Southern Route rate by 6d surcharge on 3b British Bechuanaland single. Canceled March 29, 1900 with Kimberley squared circle transit strike dated May 22. Since the siege ended on May 17, this cover although correctly paid for travel through Boer lines, may have been held until the end of the siege.

Note: This cover has been repaired

CIVIL DUTIES

As commander over a town under siege, Baden-Powell also was responsible for duties normally carried out by civilians. For example, he appointed an executor for the estate of one of his officers, Captain Raymond Herbert Girdwood, who died of wounds on February 13 after being shot by sniper.

In the state of the late Raymond Herbert firdwood of Mapekeng. Whereas, in consequence of the town fillafekeng being in a condition of restore; when the authorit granted hereing wil cease to have abfect. Given under my hand at matching at Matchelen this 14th day of February 1900. Radawantavell Colonel Comman dong The Protectorate Lild Force and the Town of Mafekei

Only part of the sheet is shown as it is folded due to large size. It appears that the contents were written by an adjutant and signed by Baden-Powell, "RssBadenPowell."

CSO. I am in this ed, if it is no avoduty flying in the face of Regm, to give C.O. and Courte Martint, the power to fine a man up to \$ 10 x + 15. Something this will really feel : a few stillings is notte Were the ontres de cases of gallasty at Game The printed and copies issued tothe men Greenes ?

Game Tree Fort was a Boer strongpoint north of Mafeking. Baden-Powell ordered an attack on December 26, 1899 with disastrous results on the British side – 26 killed, 23 wounded, and three captured.

This note dated 13 January 1900, was sent from Baden-Powell to his CSO, Major F. W. Panzera. The note refers to fines to be imposed at Courts Martial and "gallantry at Game Tree." Signed with B-P's initials "RssBP".

INTEREST and CONCERN

Interest and concern about Mafeking spread quickly around the English-speaking world. Mafeking was a bright spot in an otherwise dreary round of news regarding the fighting in South Africa and Baden-Powell's fame spread rapidly as shown in this letter in a mourning cover posted on March 25, 1900 in Saguache, Colorado and received in Ledbury, England on April 10, 1900. The letter refers to the Boer War and comments, "...what a jocular fellow Baden Powell seems to be."

Lower Stall refordshire , CARIA

Since Sord Hoberts & Mitchener huve. jone to Africa the Board do not excento the having such a Primie of d, but isom what the papers out here say the second to be a chance for complications with some of the senspern powers. "second the Jondon Poel & was very g, ad to get an lengtish version of the war news. How splendidly the mennew to have thehaved & what a isocial more Baten Powell second to be doe Charlie's old regiment the Scancers where in the holtest of the fighting. Ishvield have likes to have a crack at the farmers, I hope Roger has pain recovered by this time & mill prist the leans like for a fine this prist the leans like the second with the second of the farmers, I hope Roger has pain recovered by the since & mill prist the leans like to call is here. I star lean love to all

THE MAFEKING MAIL

THE MAFEKING MAIL Special Siege Slip.

ISSUED DAILY, SHELLS PERMITTING. TERMS : ONE SHILLING PER WEEK, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

No. 112

Saturday, April 7th, 1900. 177th Day of Siege

The Mafeking Mail/Siege Slip masthead shown above is a copy from the front side of Issue No. 112.

Issue No. 112 of the Mafeking Mail/Special Siege Slip dated Saturday, April 7th, 1900, containing notice that the new issue of stamp bearing the Colonel's photograph, will be released on Monday, the 9th instant. Note the limit of one letter per day per person. The page is folded to show only the pertinent portion.

of the whole public, and that it would be an inexcusably selfish action for anybody to remove a single paper from the room.

A shell from "Oud Greitje" smashed up the R.C.'s officeetcetras which he had just caused to be removed into the house formerly occupied by the late Capt. Girdwood.

We think that when medals are struck for this garrison, if one too many is made, it should be presented to the grey long haired Irish hound, called "Mafeking," belonging to Mr. Hamilton, the "special" war correspondent of the London Times. The poor animal has been three times wounded, twice with bullets, and once by a piece of shell.

MAFEKING GARRISON

GENERAL ORDERS

By Colonel R. S. S. Balen-Powell, Commanding Frontier Force. MAFEKING, 7TH APRIL, 1900. Court of Summary Jurisdiction —

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

Colonel R. S. S. Baden - Powell and Officers of the Garrison,

A GYMKHANA MEETING

Organised by Col. J. A. H. Walford, B.S.A.P.

WILL BE HELD ON

Sunday, April 8th, 1900,

ON THE

RECREATION GROUND,

AT 2 P.M.

JUDGE :---Major H. J. Goold-Adams, C.B., C.M.G.

REFEREE :---C. G. H. Bell, Esq., C.C. and R.M.

- STARTERS :- Lt -Col. C.O. Hore, P.R. Capt. B. W. Cowan, B.R.
- TIME KEEPER ·—Insp. J. W. Browne, C.P., D. II.
- HANDICAPPER:—Col. J.A.H. Walford, B.S.A.P.

Lady Sarah Wilson has kindly consented to present the prizes.

PROGRAMME:

- 1-100 YARDS Open Hand cap; 1st prize £1, 2nd prize 10/-
- 2-SACK RACE, Cadet Corps; 1st prize 10/-, 2nd prize 5/-, 3rd

NOTICE.

THE new issue of stamp bearing the Colonel's photograph, will be produced on Monday, the 9th instant. These stamps can only be issued on production of letter addressed locally (Mafeking or forts). No person can for the present be allowed to hand to the officer in charge of Siege Post Office more than one letter per diem.

> J. V. HOWAT, Postmaster.

Mafeking, April 7th, 1900.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, MAFEKING.

HOLY WEEK & EASTER 1900.

Monday
Tuesday
Wednesday

Short Service at 8 p.m.

Thursday.—Holy Communion at 7.30 a.m. Short Service 8 p.m.

Good Friday.—Devotion of the Three Hours Agony, from noon till 3 p.m. (The congregation

BADEN-POWELL HEAD STAMPS

As the supply of surcharged stamps was running out, Baden-Powell's staff decided to print stamps to fill the need. Major Lord Edward Cecil, B-P's Chief of Staff, came up with the idea of using Baden-Powell's image on a stamp and proceeded supposedly without B-P's knowledge until ready to print the stamps. Many in England, including supposedly Queen Victoria, were unhappy that his image was used instead of hers.



"small head" 18 ½ mm wide (frameline to frameline) This stamp was canceled on May 17, 1900, the last day of the Siege of Mafeking, and the day that the stamps were demonetized.

Apparently one of the glass plates used in making the "large head" was dropped and cracked or broken but remained in use resulting in the "cracked plate" varieties. Position #7 is shown to the right.

> May 12, 1900 Note white line



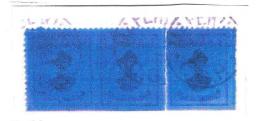
"large head" 21 mm wide (frameline to frameline) 3,036 issued

April 13, 1900



These stamps were printed on "laid batonne" paper using the ferro-prussiate or blueprint process. The 3d postage paid the rate to the perimeter defensive positions. The official first day of issue for the first stamp (small head" (18 ½ mm frame width) was April 9, 1900 although examples are known to exist having been canceled as early as April 6. The details in design in the "small head" were not clear so a second stamp "large head" (21 mm frame width) was made from the original artwork with an official first day of issue of April 10. However, the earliest known usage is April 13, 1900 as on the stamp on piece shown above.

"small head" on piece partially imperf Note that the stamp is imperf both Vertically and at bottom. One of only 5 known. (One pair in British Royal Collection and one pair in private hands.) Cds May 2 1900 (e)





The known pair in private hands and this single have been visually reconstructed as shown in this image. This image shows that the two items were originally located adjacent to each other. Please note how the "tear" lines match up.

22 II A57 Mr. E. J. Howie, 76 Tenth Street, Parkhurst, gOHANNESBURG. South Africa. Baden - Powell Centenary D. Taylor, 1899

The Baden-Powell head stamps were designed by Captain H. Greener based on a photograph by a local practitioner/photographer, Dr. D. Taylor. A copy of the photograph is shown here. This photograph also was basis for the cachet used on this Baden-Powell Centenary cover canceled on February 22, 1957 at Mafeking.

BADEN-POWELL HEAD STAMPS

The Baden-Powell "small head" and "large head" stamps with 3p value were intended to pay the rate to/from the outlying forts and outposts along the defensive perimeter of Mafeking.

This cover addressed to Corp. Bailie, No. 2 Troop, B Squadron, Protectorate Regiment is correctly rated as the main job of the Protectorate Regiment was to staff some of the outlying forts. His correct full name, from a Mafeking Siege Slip, was Harry John Baillie.

Corp. Bailie Nº2 2000 B. Squadron Rotectorate Rey

Dated April 9, 1900, the official first day of issue for the "small head."

"Hotel" cover addressed to Mr. J. Rombach, Mafeking. Mr. Rombach was one of 300 civilians in Mafeking organized into the Town Guard during the siege. Since this is in town usage, this cover with 3p "small head" is overfranked by 2p.

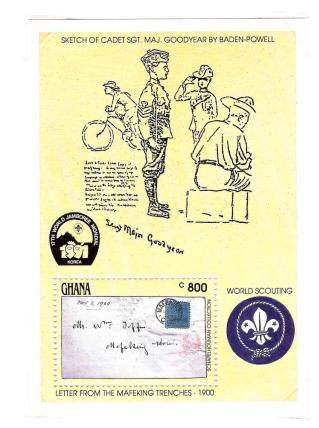
bach Mafek

Dated April 19, 1900 (e)

MAFEKING CADET CORPS

After the Siege of Mafeking started and B-P's forces started suffering casualties, he realized that a way to relieve fighting men from carrying messages, delivering mail, etc. was to make use of 9 to 15 year-old boys who were running around with nothing to do. B-P asked Major Lord Edward Cecil to form a Cadet Corps to take over some of the duties. Initially, a group of 18 boys was enrolled, given uniforms and trained. Warner Goodyear, 15, was placed in charge and given rank of Cadet Sergeant Major. The experiment worked so well that it was expanded to 40 boys.

At first, they rode donkeys but when food started running short, the donkeys went into the soup kitchen, and the boys started using bicycles to deliver mail, messages, etc. as well as acting as orderlies and hospital aides. The cadets ran considerable risk doing this due to the Boer shelling but only one boy, 9-year old Frankie Brown, was killed near the end of the siege.



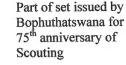
Baden-Powell found time to do sketches, even during the siege. This Ghana stamp issued in 1991 for the World Jamboree in Korea shows a sketch of Sgt, Maj. Goodyear along with another Cadet and a cyclist.

The cover shown on the souvenir sheet is an actual letter delivered locally in Mafeking, from the Bert Schapelhouman collection.



A St. Vincent stamp, also issued in 1991, with a copy of a rough sketch, also by B-P, of Cadet Corps activity. The B-P stamp shown is one canceled on April 9, the official first day of issue of the B-P stamps.





Goodyear

4

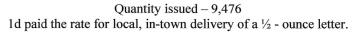
MAFEKING BICYCLE STAMP

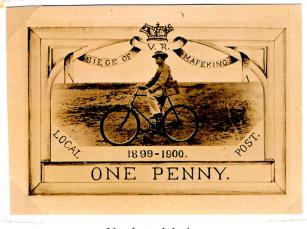
As the Cadet Corps, on their bicycles, was delivering mail to all parts of the besieged town, Baden-Powell's staff decided to create a stamp for the cyclists with the money raised going to help pay the boys. They asked Sgt. Major Warner Goodyear to model for the stamp.

> Issued April 10, 1900 Designer: Dr. W. A. Hayes

THE PENNE

The stamps were printed with a ferro-prussiate or blueprint process. Three glass negative plates of 12 stamps each were used for this design. Length in exposure varied from plate to plate resulting in color variations as seen in the above stamps. The dark bar across the bottom of the right hand stamp is from the photographer's stylo or scraper used in preparing the plate.





Unadopted design For the 1d cyclist

Years later, Baden-Powell referred to Warner Goodyear as his first "Boy Scout."

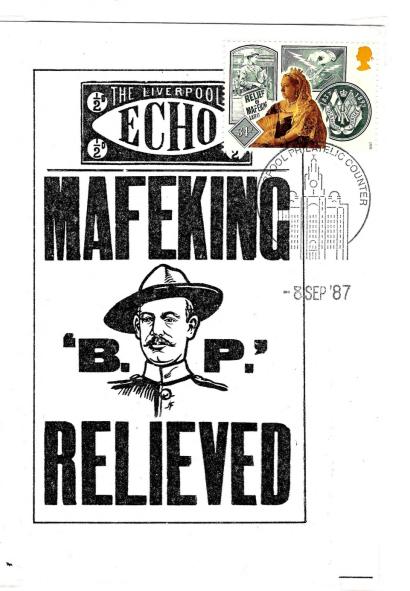
SIEGE OF MAFEKING LIFTED

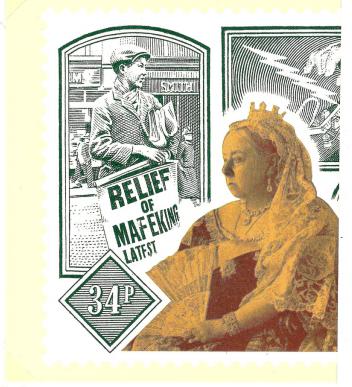


Gutter pair issued as part of set of 4 on highlights of reign of Queen Victoria. Relief of Mafeking was last major event of her reign. On May 17, 1900, the Siege of Mafeking was lifted. The other BP, the British Public, desperate for good news from the Boer War, went wild. "B-P" was the most famous hero of the times. Queen Victoria was not amused by Baden-Powell's portrait on a stamp, but she immediately telegraphed her congratulations.

Baden-Powell was promoted to Major General, at age 43, the youngest in the British Army.

PHQ card and maximum card commemorating the Relief of Mafeking .





SIEGE OF MAFEKING LIFTED



Pair of stamps for centennial of start of Anglo-Boer War on October 11, 1899. Date Stamp Card canceled with centennial of Relief of Mafeking cancel dated May 17, 2000 and showing Baden-Powell in full dress uniform.

Henrietta Baden-Powell, Robert Baden-Powell's mother, was like any proud mother. She wrote and signed this short note on June 1, 1900 regarding Mafeking on a patriotic Colonel Baden-Powell Defender of Mafeking post card.



8. Stljeonje's Place 1. June 1900. Please accept my hearty thanker for your kind sympathy for Mafeking. Mensietter Baden-Powell

B-P FAN MAIL



B-P received a lot of "fan" mail and tried to answer each letter or card.

> GROOTE SCHUUR, Rondebosch, NearCape Town

This letter, on Groote Schuur stationery, was written by an aide, then signed by B-P, and then mailed from Rondebosch, CGH on September 22, 1900.

Groote Schuur was Cecil Rhodes' home, where B-P was a guest for three weeks in September 1900.



Groote Schuur Bilingual Pair

21/9/00. Dear Sir Thankyou very much indud pr your amusing little Card, and for the kind thought that inspired you to Jund it to

me.

Grober truly

Ph Dasen Pavely

may Sh .

C. markbrik.

POST MAFEKING

Soon after the Siege of Mafeking was over, Baden-Powell was ordered to Capetown. His expected arrival there created much excitement as indicated on this post card dated May 29, 1900. "Baden Powell expected here tomorrow & we do not leave until 9 p.m.!" It appears the writer was going to be able to see Baden-Powell.

may 29 ? Adderley Street, Cape Town. Government Avenue, Cape Town, Cape Toron mi ind regards and best e to tell uni Co u our m the & wy do no Il. of walescents in lame yester day lovely View ¥ all very interesting - wish you were

One penny post card with Kloof St. Gardens squared circle cancel, May 30, 1900.

Baden-Powell saw very little action while serving with Lord Roberts for most of the summer. After leave in England, in the fall of 1900 he was asked to form the South African Constabulary.

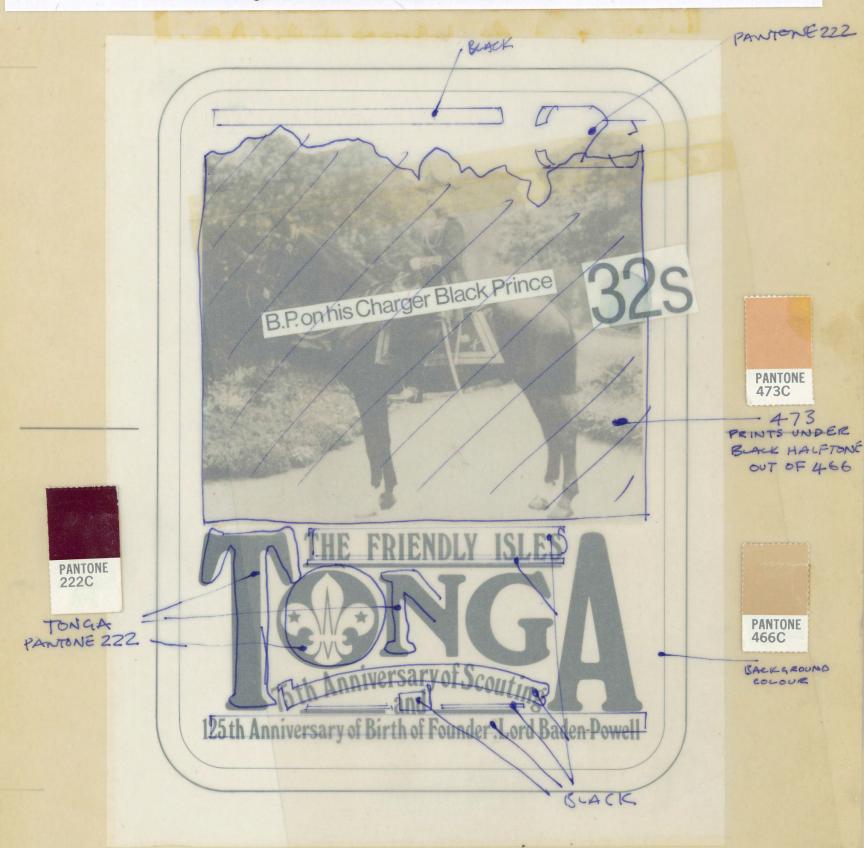
The Boer War dragged on, mostly a guerrilla war by the Boers, until a peace treaty was signed on May 31, 1902. Chief negotiators were Field Marshall Kitchener of Khartoum for England and Jan Smuts for the Boers. The Treaty of Vereeniging was signed by Lord Milner and Kitchener of Khartoum for the British; Schalk W. Burger, F.W. Reitz, Louis Botha, J. H. de la Rey, L. J. Meyer, and J. C. Krogh for the South African Republic; and C. R. de Wet, J. B. M. Hertzog, C. H. Olivier and WCJ Brebner for the Orange Free State.



Signing of the treaty by Kitchener and a Boer leader. Facsimile signatures of the signers are in the margins of the sheet.

BLACK PRINCE

Late in the fall of 1900, the people of Australia presented Baden-Powell with two chargers, Orara and Black Prince. His favorite was Black Prince and B-P was often pictured in full dress general's uniform on him as in this 1982 Tonga stamp. Later, Black Prince was the model for animal painter Lucy Kemp-Welch's famous World War I painting, "Forward the Guns." B-P's children learned about horses and riding around Black Prince who died of old age in 1928.



This original artwork for lithography of the 1982 Tonga issue was prepared by Walsall Security Printers Ltd., England. The design process often involved several people all doing bits and pieces of their design according to their skills and specialties. The stamp designs were often a collaboration from several different hands.

Lord Milner

TELECRANS, BONCHESTER, BRIDGE, HARWOOD, BONCHESTER BRIDGE, HAWICK, N.B. glat TES. BO 9. Sept. You my dear Herbert I am to sorry that your letters should have been wande ofter and a flibbulg - fibbet as impelf. The are of H. Los this moment reached we as the other you allude to

Note B-P's desire to get back to South Africa and be part of the fighting. "I am hurrying to get to doctors to pass me soon enough to go out again to S. Africa before it is all over there." In the summer of 1901, Baden-Powell returned to England for health reasons. While there he wrote this 4-page note on 9 September 1901 to Herbert apologizing for being hard to locate and for being unable to accept an invitation to visit. Note the reference to Lord Milner who was the British High Commissioner for South Africa during the Boer War.

a flimpse. I am hurryig to get the Doctors to pass we some enough to go out again 6 S. Africa before it is all over there With Kinder regards Yours og sincens Pas Dave Povel

Last page of letter

SOUTH AFRICAN CONSTABULARY

In the fall of 1900, Baden-Powell was asked to form a police force for controlling and protecting South Africa internally once the Boer War was over. He formed the South African Constabulary consisting of 10,000 men and led it until March 1903. His headquarters was in the Johannesburg area.

SOUTH AFRICAN CONSTABULARY. 25- Vel. 01 Dan Mr. Dulance) an 202 1 S having sent the ph CÓ 20 far ben melle Palm frove Conton. I have ayam as of the Java Sarey A I will fladly sig Natel Yr. Juns is his At Modderfontein on September 17, 1901 Boer commandos under Jan aser Pare Smuts routed Australian Lancers unit.

Officers had the privilege of censoring their own letters so this cover is signed by RssBadenPowell MajGen as his own censor. The cover is franked with a Transvaal stamp with a Modderfontein cancel and Passed Press Censor marking.

The note signed by B-P is dated February 25, 1901 but the cover it was in is dated Jun 9, 1901. The note is an explanation to Mrs. Dulasse for not sending a signed photo quickly.

SOUTH AFRICAN CONSTABULARY

While commanding the South African Constabulary, Baden-Powell sent a letter on September 7, 1902 from Johannesburg, Transvaal on Constabulary stationery to his aunt, Lady Rose Flower, in London. He signed with his second name, Stephenson, a rarely used signature. Apparently, he used this only with family. As a child, the family called him "Stephe."

SOUTH AFRICAN CONSTA JOHANNE: hith best love the 27. Jope My dear Anna Rosie a Junsely. . Thank you 20 u Im. affects with your very kind letter in from the grey ity . Stiphen in Das Fand I am very proved in the hlapking menorial the Lady How 26. Stanhope Jertens London S.W.

SOUTH AFRICAN CONSTABULARY

Thannedurg. Oct: 30 1902 DEar M! Friend. Lam surprised to hear that there should be any question about the Juon Guard Leceing a Thill certainly write medal. and ingrine about it, and if it should be necessary will do all I can to large their exceptional claims on the authorities. as regards the parcel I did

Baden-Powell tried to insure that his men received adequate recognition for bravery. In this letter to Mr. Friend he is supporting the right of the Iron Guard to a medal. The iron Guard was one of the units that served under him.

He also thanks Mr. Friend for the gift of a set of ocarinas – a type of wind instrument.

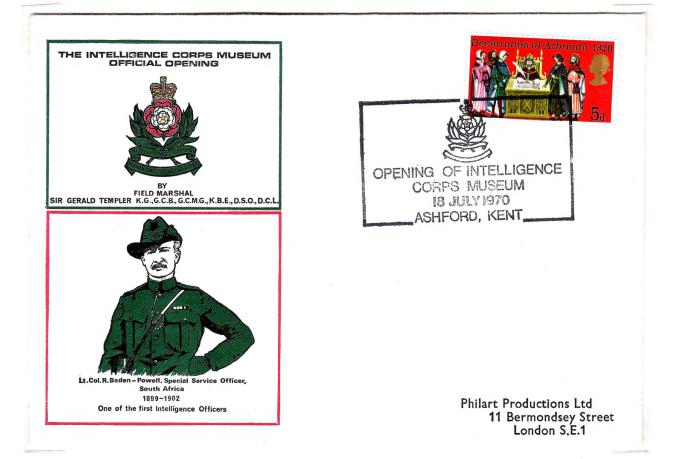
ive a case containing two whas and a letter for me, the same time as the Mapeking ket; and have since tecewood bass ocarina from you pleting the set. hank you very much. Yours truly

an DavenParely

Letter written on South African Constabulary stationery on 3 October 1902.

INSPECTOR GENERAL and RETIREMENT

In March 1903, Baden-Powell became Inspector General of the Cavalry. During his tenure, he was responsible for many improvements. His intelligence gathering work led to the establishment of the Intelligence Corps.



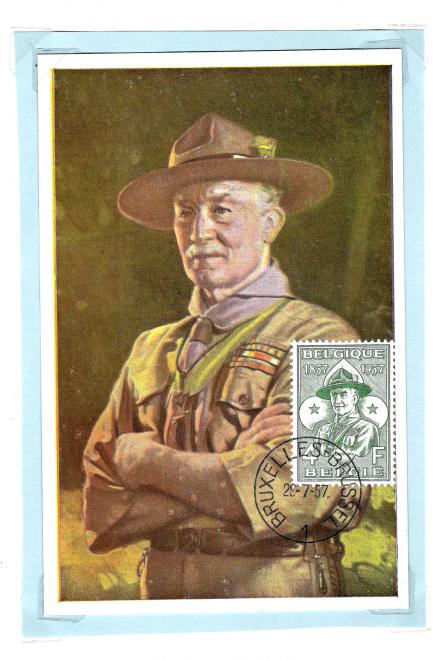
He finished this tour of duty in 1907 and was promoted to Lieutenant General and placed in Reserve pending retirement. In April 1908 he was given command of the Northumbrian Division of the Territorial Army. He tried to command this division and work with the fledgling Boy Scouts. Finally, at the urging of King Edward VII and others, he resigned from the Army in order to spend all of his efforts on the Boy Scout organization.



His retirement date was May 6, 1910. He was scheduled to have an audience with King Edward VII on May 6 but the King passed away on that day.

The first life of a Hero was finally over.

THE SECOND LIFE OF A HERO



Founder of Scouting From The best known portrait of Baden-Powell By David Jaeger, 1929

Lord Robert Stephenson Smyth Baden-Powell is known to millions of Scouts and Scouters worldwide as the Founder of World Scouting.

CRITICISM and a CHALLENGE



Baden-Powell's second life started because of criticism and a challenge. In 1902, Sir William Smith, founder of the Boys' Brigade, invited B-P to a rally at Prince Albert Hall in London. When B-P was critical, he was challenged to do better – perhaps through a boys' version of his <u>Aids to Scouting</u>.

Sir William Smith

On this Jersey stamp, B-P is shown in Scout uniform with Smith four years before Scouting is founded!



Picture of the 1903 Boys' Brigade rally at Prince Albert Hall.



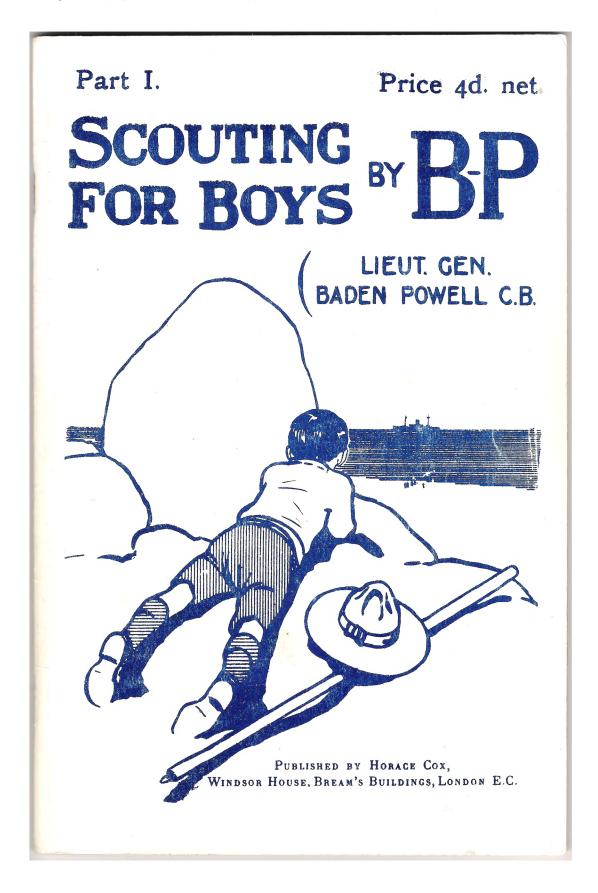
<u>Aids to Scouting</u>, published in 1899 as a military book, was very popular. B-P completely rewrote it into a book called <u>Scouting for Boys</u>, published in 1908, that was an immediate hit.

The design of the book's cover was by John Hassell.

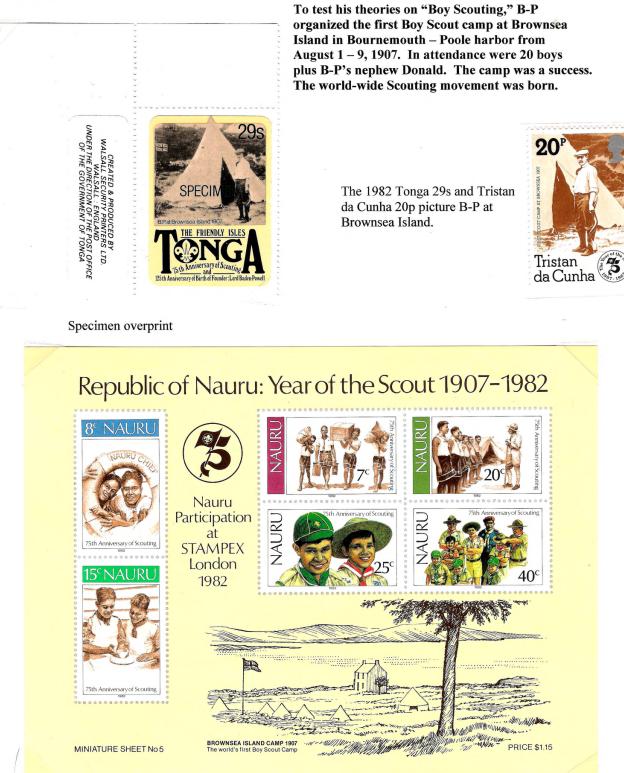
The 1982 Tonga 29s is printed on self-adhesive paper With Tonga promotional advertising on the back. Degins TONGA where time begins TONG. A where time begins TONGA where time i begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time i begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins TONGA where time begins TONG A where time begins TONGA where time begins

SCOUTING FOR BOYS

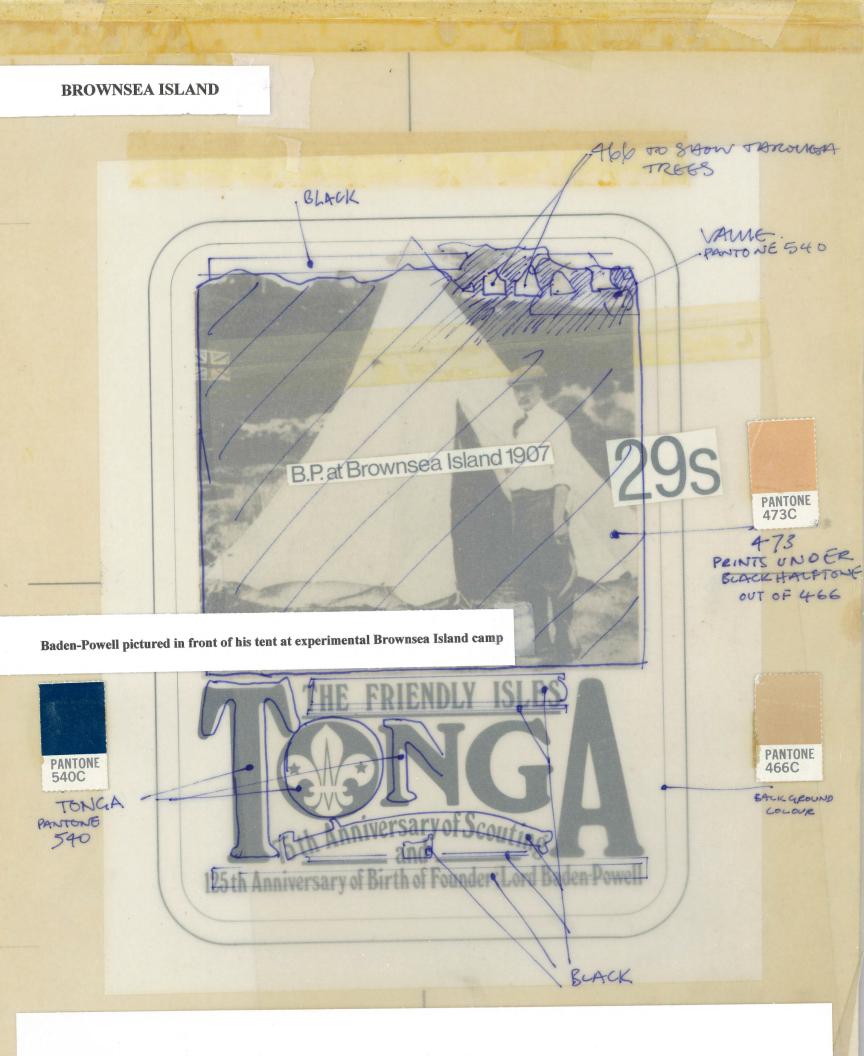
<u>Scouting for Boys</u>, was published by Sir Arthur Pearson of Horace Cox, Windsor House in London in six parts starting in January 1908. The cover design on Part I is based on a B-P sketch.



BROWNSEA ISLAND



The 1982 Nauru souvenir sheet contains an illustration of the Brownsea Island camp based on a sketch by B-P Also depicted on some of the stamps are Nauru Scouts on way to First Australian Jamboree in 1935.



The original artwork for lithography of the 1982 Tonga issue was prepared by Walsall Security Printers Ltd., England. The design process often involved several people all doing bits and pieces of their design according to their skills and specialties. The stamp designs were often a collaboration from several different hands.

BROWNSEA ISLAND FOLLOW-UP

Baden-Powell was so pleased with the success of the Brownsea Island camp that early in 1908 he started planning a follow-up camp as mentioned in this handwritten note which was part of a letter dated 23 March 1908 that was published in the *Scout*, first official publication of Scouting issued on 18 April 1908. The result was the first official Scout camp led by Baden-Powell, located at Humshaugh.

A Scouts Camp for Next Summer Last year I had a Sconting Camp for Boys Boy Sconts to which a number of boys came as my guests. It was on a delightful island of the sea where is had the whole place to ourselves, woods as more, sands as kenting. sea, and the thoronghy enjoyed oncelles had no end offin. Well, I am very anxions to instatute another camp When it this year summer so that not only may a number and practice real sconting and say in the open, but and others may come and see how a Scont Camp is carried or , has it differs from the ordinary more military know which one senerally sees amanged for boy

A Scouts Camp for Next Summer

Last year I had a Scouting camp for Boy Scouts to which a number of boys came as my guests. It was on a delightful island by the sea where we had the whole place to ourselves, woods and moor, sands and sea, and we had no end of fun. Well, I am very anxious to institute another camp like it this summer so that not only may a number of boys come and have a good time and practice real scouting and life in the open, but also that Scoutmasters and others may come and see how a Scout camp is carried on and how it differs from the ordinary non military kind which one generally sees arranged for boys.

KING'S MESSAGE TO THE BOY SCOUTS

King Edward VII was an early, enthusiastic supporter of Boy Scouts. When Baden-Powell organized the Crystal Palace Rally for September 4, 1909, the King sent the following message: "The King is glad to know that the Boy Scouts are holding their First Annual Parade. Please assure the boys that the King takes the greatest interest in them, and tell them that if he should call upon them later in life, the sense of patriotic responsibility and happy discipline which they are now acquiring as boys will enable them to do their duty as men, should any danger threaten the Empire."



Lieut.-General Baden Powell reads the King's Message.

Baden-Powell reading the King's Message to the Boy Scouts at the Crystal Palace Rally.



Note the message highlighted: "I hope one day you will make as fine a man as the one on the other side."

SCOUTING DIVERSIFIES

GIRL GUIDES and GIRL SCOUTS

At the Crystal Palace Rally in 1909, a few girls showed up in Scout uniforms. Baden-Powell asked, "Who are you?" and they replied, "We are Girl Scouts!" B-P could not accept girls as part of a boys' organization so in 1910 he organized the Girl Guides with his younger sister, Agnes Baden-Powell, as the president of England Girl Guides. Girl Guides spread swiftly though the British Commonwealth.



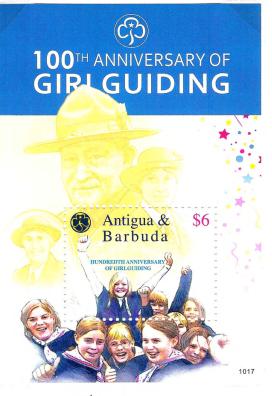
Postcard mailed from New South Wales, Australia on December 16, 1912.



50th Anniversary



75th Anniversary



100th Anniversary

AGNES BADEN-POWELL (1858 - 1945)

Agnes, Baden-Powell's younger sister, was asked to lead the new Girls' organization named the Girl Guides. She was President until 1917 when she was succeeded by Princess Mary. In the meantime, in 1916, Olave Baden-Powell had become Chief Commissioner of the Girl Guides and in 1918 her title was changed to Chief Guide.



Part of Dominica sheet of 3 issued in 2002 for the 20th World Jamboree in Thailand.

Two vastly different portraits of Agnes Baden-Powell.



Part of Ascension Island sheet of 3 issued in 2010 for the 100th anniversary of Girl Guides.

> Agnes in selvage at lower left corner. Olave in selvage at upper right corner. Part of a set of 5 similar sheets issued in 2010.



GIRL SCOUTS - JULIETTE GORDON LOW

Baden-Powell met a wealthy American widow in 1911. Juliette Gordon Low was living in England with no goals in life. B-P encouraged her to do something worthwhile. She returned to her home, Savannah, Georgia and started the Girl Scouts of the United States of America on March 12, 1912.



Issued October 29, 1948

With Egyptian censor marking - Back stamped November 24, 1948, Cairo, Egypt



CUB SCOUTS

Younger boys also wanted to be part of Scouting so Baden-Powell organized the Wolf Cubs in 1916. He borrowed heavily from author Rudyard Kipling's Jungle Books.



Kipling on right 1907 Nobel Prize for literature

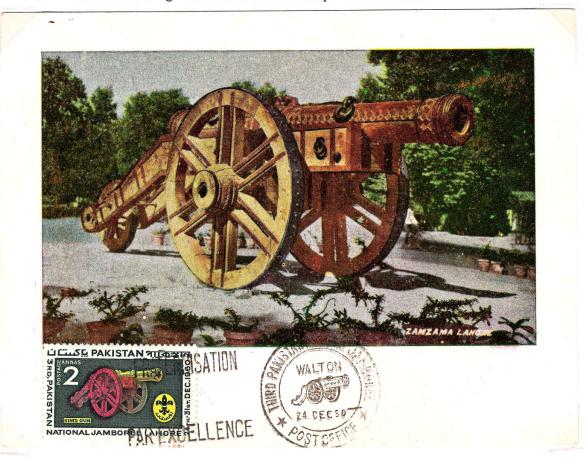


75th anniversary Scouting



The Grand Howl Greeting to their leader (Old Wolf) by Wolf Cubs

Kipling in his story "Kim," tells about boy named Kim who played around this gun.Baden-Powell named a Scout observation game, Kim's Game, after Kim.Kim's Gun was the symbol of the Third Pakistan National Jamboree and was the Basis for the design of both the Jamboree stamp and the Jamboree cancellation.

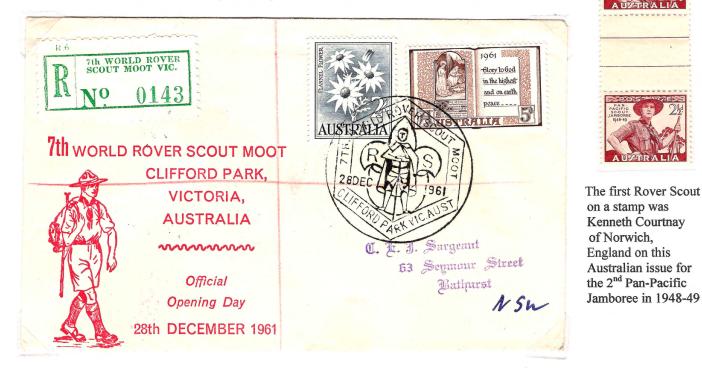


OLDER SCOUTS - ROVERS

Baden-Powell led effort to create organization for older boys and young men first called Senior Scouts (ages 16 or 17 to early 20's) then in August 1918 given the name Rover Scouts. Rover Scouts became fairly popular in much of the world and the first Rover Scout Moot was held in 1931. The Second Rover Scout Moot was held on Ingaro Island near Stockholm, Sweden from July 30 –August 8, 1935 with 3,000 Rovers from 26 nations. Baden-Powell and Crown Prince Gustav Adolf of Sweden opened the Moot.



Rover Moots have been held several times since World War II. Shown here is registered cover for the opening day of the 7th World Rover Scout Moot held in Clifford Park, Victoria, Australia from Dec. 1961 – Jan. 1962.



WORLD WAR I

Pointe ou Torouer, GARE - ETAPLES. LES IRIS EN FORÊT, LE TOUQUET, PAR ETAPLES, FRANCE. Note: Scouts Hut in address address Scorts Hut APO. SII. Bit Exped! For France 3. Jan. 16 after theme - 71 - mind con · J Aty My dear Vanzera write best of fortristers from both of Thenk you 20 much host welcome little Aver Dase Pour I am angely glosd theer that I go are in some cart of herness as I know how you would attensive be fretting a being wetting to do. **B-P** signature I only hope it will be a steppingo On last page (reduced)

B-P helped war effort in WWI in many ways. In this letter to Major Panzera, his CSO at Mafeking, B-P tells about running Coast Guards in England and helping YMCA in France, and of Olave's work. Coast Guards actually were Sea Scouts who patrolled English coast line.

MARRIAGE and FAMILY



At age 54, B-P fell in love with a young lady, Olave St. Clair Soames, who was 22 years old! Yet, they had much in common, including the same birthday, February 22nd. They were married on October 30, 1912.



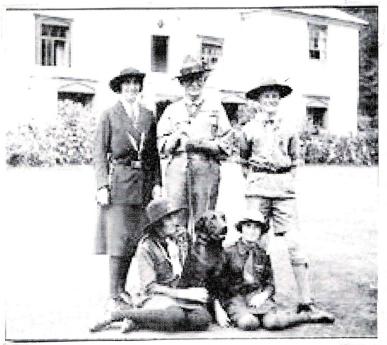




Issued August 6, 1962 First set of stamps picturing Olave, Lady Baden-Powell



Mid - 1920's



The Baden-Powell's had three children Peter: October 30, 1913 – December 9, 1962 Heather: June 1, 1915 – May 23, 1986 Betty: April 16, 1917 – April 24, 2004

Photo taken in late 1920's at Pax Hill, the family home near Bentley, Hampshire, England.

BADEN-POWELL CHILDREN

The first child was Arthur Robert Peter (known as Peter) (October 30, 1913 – December 9, 1962). Peter became the 2nd Lord Baden-Powell upon the death of his father on January 8, 1941. He was active in Scouting all of his life and was Guildmaster of the B-P Guild of Old Scouts.



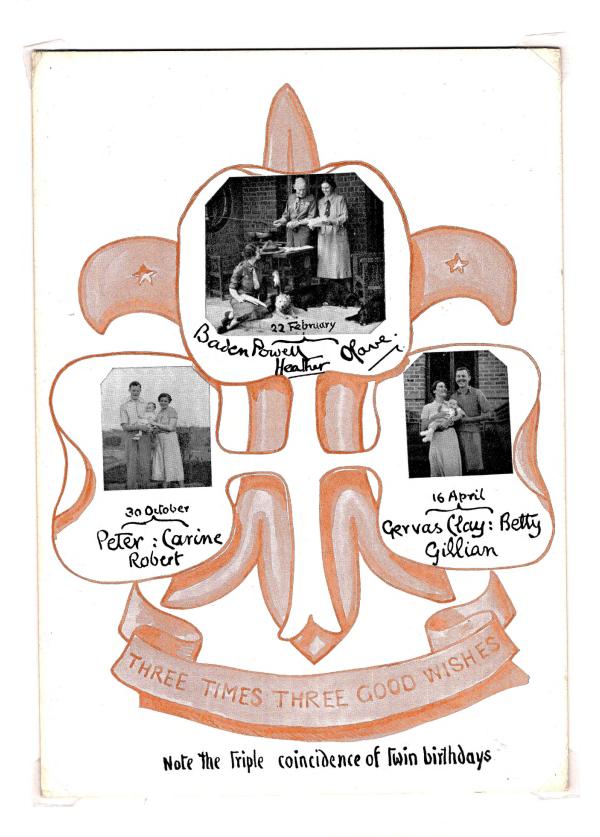
Photo of Peter taken June 9, 1962 at Central Indiana Scout Council event.

Just a few of Peter Baden-Powell's signatures exist. He signed this first day cover at the opening of the 1957 World Scout Jamboree in England – the 50th anniversary of Scouting and the Centenary of Lord Robert Baden-Powell's birth. The cover was addressed to Leslie R. Mordecai, Jamaica Scout Contingent Leader. The other signatures included a veritable "Who's Who" of Scouting leaders – John Thurman, Gilwell Camp Chief, Fred Hurll, Deputy Camp Chief, Lord Rowallan, Chief British Scout, Col. J. S. Wilson, ex-director of International Bureau, Gen. Rob Lockart, deputy Chief Scout, and Canadian Gen Dan Spry, Director General of World Bureau of Scouting.

SURVICE JAN BORE MBORE I AUG SC 1957 DEFICIAL FIRST DAY COVER

FAMILY

"THREE TIMES THREE GOOD WISHES" - A greeting card sent by the Baden-Powell's, probably in 1938, showing the amazing triple coincidence of twin birthdays. Robert Baden-Powell and wife Olave shared February 22 as their birthday; Peter Baden-Powell and his wife Carine shared October 30; Betty Baden-Powell and husband Gervais Clay shared April 16. Heather is pictured with her parents Robert and Olave; Robert, the current Lord Baden-Powell, is shown with parents Peter and Carine; and Gillian Clay is shown with parents Gervais Clay and Betty.



FAMILY



In 1919, the Baden-Powell's bought a new home and named it Pax Hill. They lived here until moving to Kenya in October 1938.

Through the years, the family sent out various greeting cards and Christmas cards. A prime example is this card sent for Christmas 1933 and new year 1934 with the facsimile autographs of the entire family: Robert Baden-Powell, Olave Baden-Powell, Heather, Peter and Betty.

Greetings and Best Wishes from ALL of us for Christmas 1933 and New Year 1934 Heather Peters: Bety TWM -- " Mare Baden - Powell his mark Basenforvell SHAWGM -

FAMILY

Photo of part of Baden-Powell's extended family:



Left to right: Peter's daughter, Wendy, Peter's wife, Carine, David Michael, Peter's son, holding Michael and Joan's son, David Peter, and Michael's wife, Joan. Photo by A. S. Lester of New Zealand on October 1, 1971 at IFOFSAG (International Fellowship of Former Scouts and Guides) Conference in Melbourne, Australia.

110th anniversary of Baden-Powell's birth and 60 years of Scouting was recognized by the Scout and Guide Society of Australia on February 22, 1967 in Baden Powell, Victoria, Australia. Guests for their stamp display and other activities were Michael Baden-Powell and his wife, Joan. Joan signed at top and Michael at bottom.

J.P. Baden - Fowell AUSTRALIAN SCOUT AND GUIDE STAMP SOCIETY Feb. Is AUSTRALIA Vic. 1.0 60 QUIDE

ORIGINAL SKETCH by BADEN-POWELL

This original sketch by B-P, dated March 27, 1936, probably was used as design on some type of greeting from the Baden-Powell family. Note the signatures: BadenPowell of Gilwell, Olave Baden-Powell, Heather Baden-Powell, and Betty Baden-Powell. Son Peter was already gone from home.

84 BaserPover of Silvely Ofare Baden-Powell March 27 th 1936. Heather Baden-Powell Bether Baden-Powell et inf

SCOUTING SYMBOLS

Baden-Powell established the symbols by which Scouting is recognized world-wide. These symbols include the Scout badge, Oath, Law, Slogan, Motto, Scout sign and salute, uniform, patron Saint, etc.

Scout badge – adapted from the French fleur-de-lis The design of the Girl Guides or Scouts trefoil is similar



Issued April 24, 1964 for Icelandic Scouting



Imperf pair for 50th anniversary (1957) of Scouting Issued without gum, individually numbered, not valid for postage, and for officials & collectors.



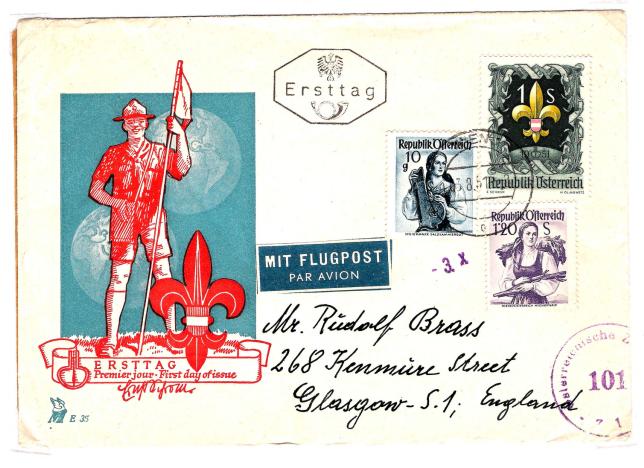


First overprints showing Boy Scout and Girl Scout badges Issued July 31, 1938 for National Jamboree





Censored First Day Cover from Wien to Glasgow, England.

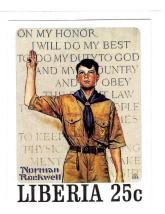


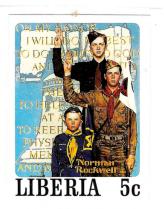
Scout Oath and Law

Oath begins with "On My Honor I Will Do My Best..."



Misperfed "On My Honor" split





1979 Liberia designs from Norman Rockwell paintings



Issued by Fiji Post Office Savings Bank



Scout Sign and Salute

Scout Sign

Designer: Norman Rockwell



Shifted Perforations



Designer

Sandor Legrady Part of 1st set

Issued to honor

Girl Scouts

July 20, 1939



February 22, 1957



October 7, 1961



Double overprint

Scout Salute



Strip of 10 (folded over) with imperf between

King and Queen



July 1, 1971



Red Mihon overprint August 1, 1964

December 27, 1954



Adapted to two finger salute for Cub Scouts and Brownie Scouts



July 1, 1985

Scout Hand Shake or Handclasp

The left-handed handclasp was adopted by B-P from the knights of old as a symbol of friendship. Knights wore their shields on the right arm so the left hand was extended as signifying friendly aims. This was part of B-P's plan to minimize any military relationship.



December 23, 1971



June 24, 1987



February 6, 1996



Error in design. Handclasp at bottom of wreath is with right hands instead of with left hands.



November 4, 1972

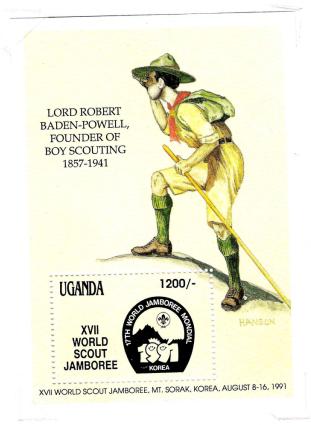
Normally handclasp and salute not done together!

Motorschiff "Baden" cover mailed to Germany from Bregenz, Austria on April 7, 1967



Scout Uniform

Baden-Powell was concerned that people would think his Boy Scouts were a military group so he designed a uniform with distinct differences from military uniforms.



Scout in this Uganda souvenir sheet for the XVII World Jamboree is based on 1st known sketch by B-P of Boy Scout in uniform

First Scout stamp with Scout hat theme

Early U.S. Boy and Girl Scouts with Scout hats patterned after English

B-P's 1st handbook, <u>Scouting</u> <u>For Boys</u>, contains sketches By B-P of Scouts in uniform



May 27, 1991



February 3, 1998

Asian Jamboree アジア・ジャンボリー記念 First Day of Issue; Aug. 3, 1962





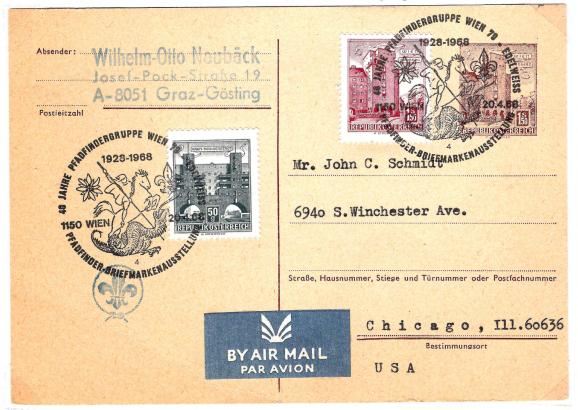
St. George - Patron Saint of Scouting



Baden-Powell even selected a patron saint for Scouting – St. George, from the famous tale of "St. George killing the dragon."

Canceled April 23, 1962 at St. George, Switzerland

Special cancel for 40th anniversary of a Pfadfinder group in Vienna



Scout Staff or Stave

Baden-Powell often used a staff or stave. Millions of Scouts and Scouters did likewise.



B-P with stave February 17, 1968



June 14, 1976



Imperf color proof of 3d stamp in set of 4 issued December 25, 1959

Design based on photo by William Hillcourt in U. S. Fieldbook. Scout pictured was George Russell of New Jersey. Autographed by George Russell



September 22, 1949

This set was designed by Harry Thorsen, Jr., founder of Scouts on Stamps Society International, and William Rhee, Korean Boy Scouts National Commissioner, on Rhee's visit to Thorsen's home in Illinois in 1956.



February 22, 1957 - about 1,500 issued

Baden-Powell soon found that the quality of adult leadership was not up to his standards so he started a training program now known as Wood Badge.



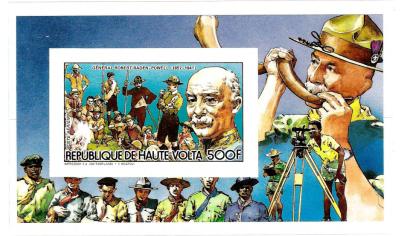
November 11, 1961 Wood Badge slogan meter

SCOUT LEADER TRAINING AID

Some of Baden-Powell's training aids that he used in Wood badge training were items that he brought from Africa; e.g., using a kudu horn instead of a bugle.



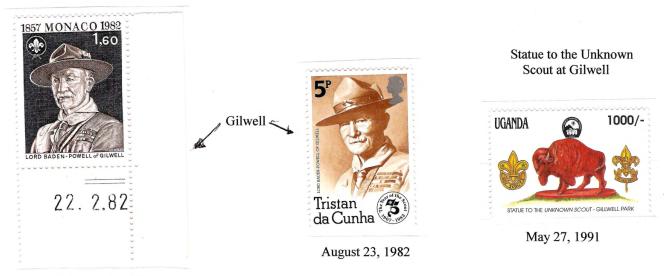
Native blowing Kudu horn



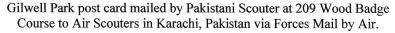
The design of the stamp in this imperforate Upper Volta souvenir sheet is based on a sketch done by B-P. B-P loved showing how to blow the kudu horn. Issued May 21, 1984

GILWELL PARK

Scouting needed permanent home for training camps, etc. so Gilwell Park at Chingford, near London, was donated in January 1919 by W. F. deBois Maclaren. When B-P was made a Lord in 1929, he selected the name Gilwell, thus becoming Lord Robert Baden-Powell of Gilwell.



February 22, 1982



Convse ingford England CORRESPONDENCE 24 DDRESS the Simp

BADEN-POWELL and WORLD-WIDE SCOUT LEADERS

Baden-Powell met, counseled and worked with many of the early world-wide leaders of the Scouting Movement as he made several trips to various parts of the world.

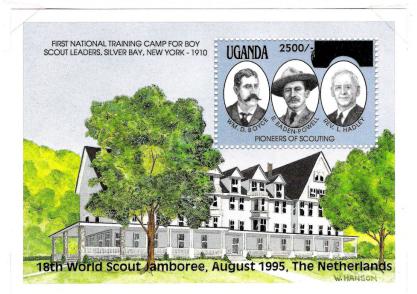
B-P first met Ernest Thompson Seton in 1906 on Seton's visit to England. Seton later became the first Chief Scout of Boy Scouts of America.



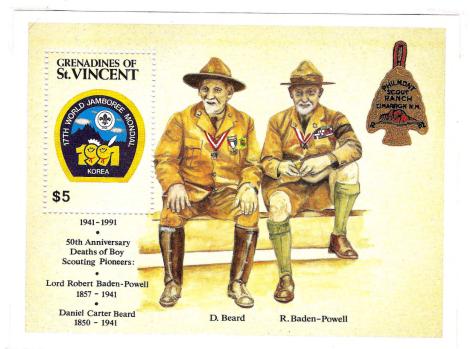
First Scout stamp showing Daniel Carter Beard, U.S. National Scout Commissioner for 30 years.



Uganda souvenir sheet overprinted and surcharged for the 1995 World Scout Jamboree. Pictured are William D. Boyce, Baden-Powell and Rev. E. Hadley



William D. Boyce, U. S. publisher, on a visit to London in London in 1909, supposedly lost his way in fog. An unknown Scout pointed him on his way and refused a tip. Boyce went on to visit B-P and returned to U.S.A. to help found Boy Scouts of America on February 8, 1910. Rev. Hadley was an early Scout leader in New York.



B-P first met Dan Beard in 1910 on his first tour of the United States. They met several more times through the years including in New York in 1935 as B-P visited Canada and the U. S.

1991 Grenadines of St. V1ncent souvenir sheet for XVII World Jamboree in Korea and showing two old Scouters sitting together during B-P's 1935 visit.

WORLD-WIDE SCOUT LEADERS

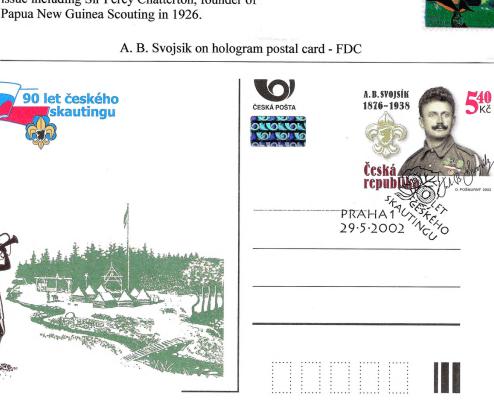
Athanasios Lefkaditis and B-P Founder of Greek Scouting - 1910



B-P and Juan Luis Rospiglios Started Peruvian Scouting - 1911



Announcement folder for 10 March 1982 Scout issue including Sir Percy Chatterton, founder of Papua New Guinea Scouting in 1926.











WORLD-WIDE TRAVELS

To promote Scouting, B-P traveled extensively. Lady Baden-Powell often traveled with him.



Visit to Jersey May 6, 1924

Maldives miniature sheet issued for 19th World Jamboree in Chile in 1998.

B-P inspecting Scouts at Amesbury, England circa 1909

B-P and Olave visiting Children on South Africa tour 1927

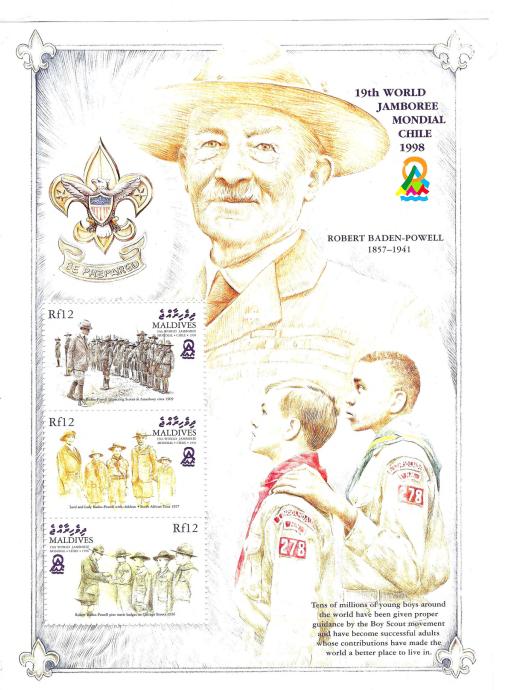
B-P passing out merit badges to Chicago Scouts in 1926. He received first Silver Buffalo there.



Visit to Bermuda February 22, 1930



Visit to Isle of Man 1911



WORLD-WIDE TRAVELS

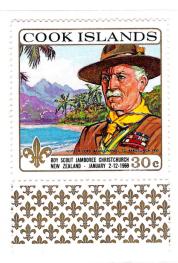
B-P stopped at Australian Scout Headquarters enroute to Frankston Jamboree in January 1935. This letter, posted at Abu Suwer, Egypt, was flown to Australia on Cairo-Brisbane leg of England – Australia Air Service. It was signed by Baden-Powell when he picked it up.

EGYPTE · الالولة AIR MAIL POSTEAERIENNE · U ABU SUWER ENGLAND - AUSTRALIA W. Gen. The Lord Baden - Powell, G.C. M.G., G.C.V.O., K.C.B., D.C.L., L.L.D., Boy Scout Headquarters, Melbourne Austalia (-3.0E.34.7-9 OPENING OF THE AIR MAIL SERVICE BY IMPERIAL AIRWAYS AND QANTAS EMPIRE AIRWAYS BETWEEN ENGLAND EGYPTE· AND AUSTRALIA 7 CAIRO- BRISBANE



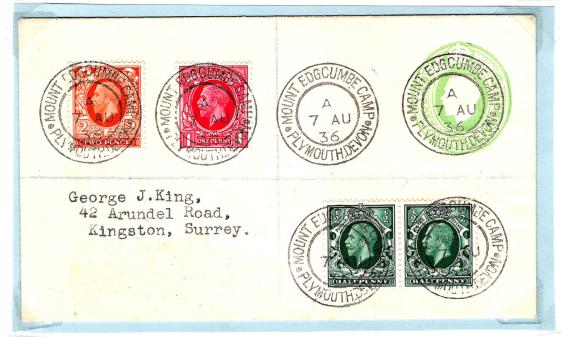
In January 1935 B-P and Olave reviewed 10,000 Scouts and Guides at the first International Jamboree in the Southern Hemisphere at Frankston, Australia

> B-P visited Rarotonga, Cook Islands after stopping at the New Zealand Jamboree in early 1935.



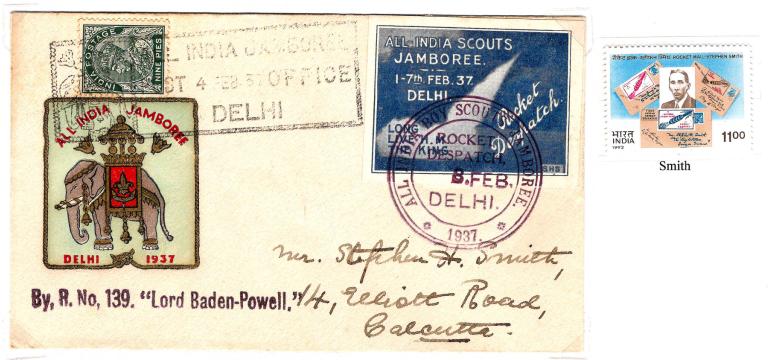
WORLD-WIDE TRAVELS

While traveling all over the world, B-P did not neglect Scouting in England and attended many events there through the years. The last English camp he attended was the Mount Edgecumbe Camp at Plymouth, Devonshire in August 1936.



Very rare Mount Edgecumbe Camp cancels on registered cover to Kingston, Surrey. With oval Kingston, Surrey Registered backstamp dated August 8, 1936.

On their last trip around the world, Lord and Lady Baden-Powell appeared at the All India Jamboree at Delhi and opened the Jamboree on February 3, 1937. Stephen H. Smith, a Rocket Mail pioneer, fired several rockets carrying mail and various souvenirs. Among these was Rocket No. 139, "Lord Baden-Powell."



Stamp is canceled with All-India Jamboree cancellation. The blue Rocket Despatch seal is hand canceled with a round violet All India Scout Jamboree Rocket Despatch hand cancel. Cover is addressed to Mr. Stephen H. Smith.

B-P was a good correspondent and tried to answer all letters received as well as thanking people for favors, tasks accomplished, etc.



18th October 1918

THE BOY SCOUTS ASSOCIATION,

IMPERIAL HEADQUARTERS, 25, BUCKINGHAM PALACE ROAD,

LONDON, S.W. 1.

Dear Mr Masters,

I must just send you one line to thank you for all your trouble the other day in arranging the Meeting, and also for your kind hospitality.

I was so glad to have the opportunity of coming to Tunbridge Wells and I do hope that the Scout Movement will push ahead there now and do great things for the country in the near future.

With many thanks and all good wishes,

Believe me,

Yours truly.

Aven Daven

CS/AML

Letter signed by Baden-Powell on October 18, 1918 to Canon Herbert Masters, Spelohurst (Kent) thanking Masters for arranging a meeting in Tunbridge Wells, apparently to promote Scouting there.

BADEN-POWELL CORRESPONDENCE

Huge volumes of correspondence were addressed to Baden-Powell. A few covers survive today. Much of the correspondence was answered by his secretary for years, Mrs. Eileen Wade. Note that both letters on this page were addressed prior to his being made a Lord in 1929.

中華民國江蘇童子軍聯合會 中國上海西區方斜路一六五號 The Boy Scouts Association of Kiangsu Province 165 Fong-bsia Road, West Gate, Shanghai, China Sir Robert Baden Powell. Boy Scouts International Bureau, 25 Buckingham Palace Road, London, S. W. I. England. via Sibezian-train Railway Mailed from Shanghai, China in the 1920's and routed through Russia Via Siberian-train Railway.

Registered mail from Cairo, Egypt to Lieut.- General Sir Robert Baden-Powell, Bt., Chief Scout



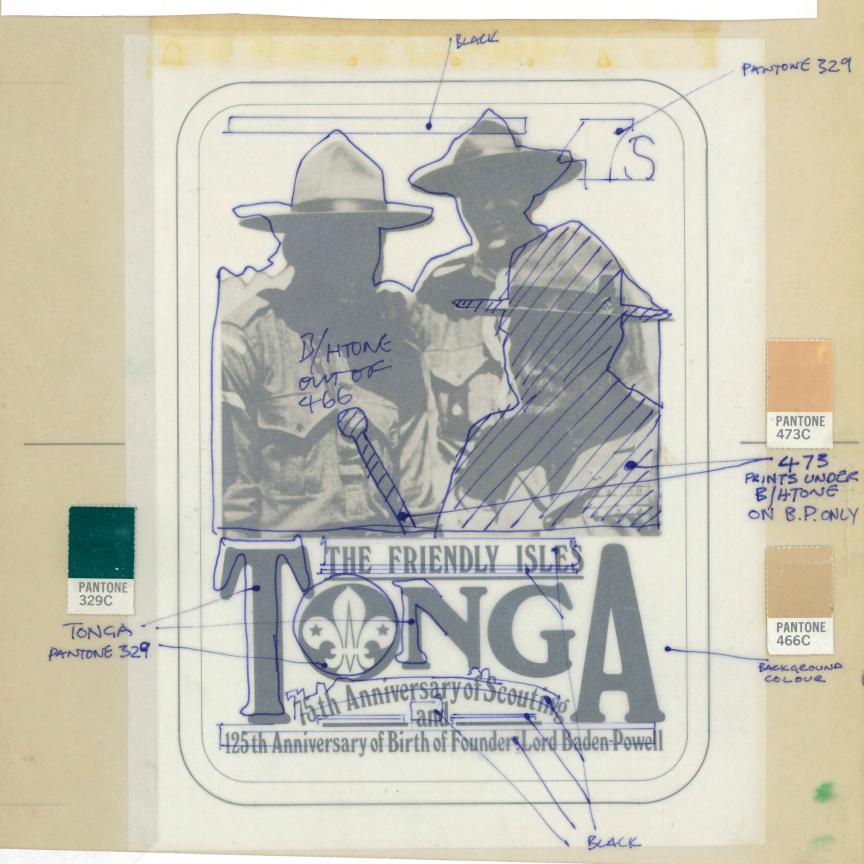
BADEN-POWELL CORRESPONDENCE

Cover from Nyeri, Kenya dated 21 Aug 1940 mailed to Mrs. Wade, B-P's long-time secretary. In lower left of cover, in Baden-Powell's handwriting, "From Lord Baden Powell, Nyeri, Kenya." This is one of very latest items from Baden-Powell as he died less than 5 months later.

1-02-1 Azh Cottal mis wale Turn bes Base Pornes

1924 IMPERIAL JAMBOREE

Baden-Powell with Scouts at the 1924 Imperial Jamboree held from 1 – 8 August 1924 at Wembley, Middlesex in conjunction with the British Empire Exhibition. Attendees were 10,000 Scouts from the United Kingdom plus 1,000 Scouts from 25 other parts of the Empire.



The original artwork for lithograph of the 1982 Tonga issue was prepared by Walsall Security Orinters Ltd., England. The design process involved several people all doing bits and pieces of their design according to their skills and specialties. The stamp designs often were a collaboration from several different hands.

IMPERIAL JAMBOREE 1924

Baden-Powell invited Scouts from all parts of the British Empire to participate in the Imperial Jamboree being held in conjunction With the British Empire Exhibition in 1924. On January 8, 1924, he wrote to a former adversary in the Boer War, Jan Christian Smuts of South Africa, now Prime Mister of the Republic of South Africa, requesting the attendance of South African Scouts at the event. The letter, shown here, on official Prime Minister's Office stationery, is Smut's reply.



P.M.44

Prime Hinister's Office, Kantoor van de Eerste Hinister,

Cape Town. 8th February 1923.

Dear Sir Robert Baden Powell,

I am in receipt of your letter of the 8th January on the subject of the attendance of Boy Scouts from the Union at the British Empire Exhibition in 1924.

The matter is being considered as a result of certain representations which you made recently to the High Commissioner, and as soon as we are in a position to do so, the Government will send its reply to Sir Edgar Walton.

With kind regards.

Yours sincerely,

11 Amms-

Lt.General Sir Robert Baden Powell. Bart.

Paxhill,

Bentley.

Hants. England.

WORLD JAMBOREES FIRST WORLD SCOUT JAMBOREE

Baden-Powell attended every World Scout Jamboree from the first one in 1920 through the 5th one in 1937. The First World Scout Jamboree was held at Olympia, England from July 30 – August 7, 1920 with about 8,000 Scouts from 34 nations in attendance. At the end of the Jamboree, Baden-Powell was proclaimed, "Chief Scout of the World," the only person ever to hold that title.

Post card mailed from the Jamboree to Denmark. Cancelled with the rare Richmond, Surrey roller cancel, dated August 1, 1920 and with the purple "The Scouts International Jamboree Camp" hand cancel.

E UND S 即即 SAUG 20 5 The Milekilson Asensvý 21 Nobenhavn I.

1982 Brazil souvenir sheet for 75th anniversary Of Scouting and B-P's 125th birth anniversary

125.° ANIVERSÁRIO DO NASCIMENTO DE BADEN POWELL

"Prometo pela minha honra fazer o melhor possível: para cumprir meu dever para com Deus e a Pátria, ajudar o próximo em toda e qualquer ocasião, obedecer à Lei do Escoteiro."



Brasil 82 185,00 Brasil 82 85,00 Brasil 82 85,00 For the second s

75.° ANIVERSÁRIO DO ESCOTISMO



Cancel for 75th anniversary of 1st World Jamboree. Design of cancel (Jul 22, 1995) based on a sketch by Baden-Powell

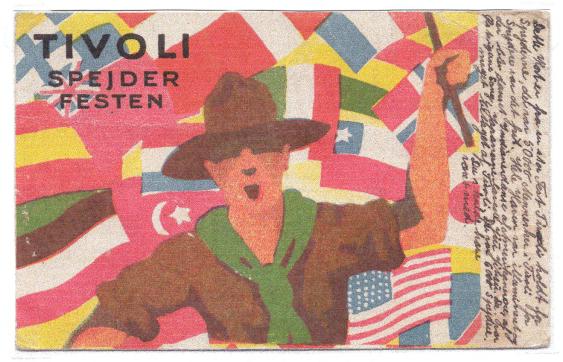
Signature as Chief Scout at bottom of right hand stamp

SECOND WORLD SCOUT JAMBOREE

The Second World Scout Jamboree was held at Ermelunden, Denmark from August 10 - 24, 1924, with 4, 549 Scouts from 24 nations in attendance. Sir Robert Baden-Powell and Olave brought their son Peter along as they attended the Jamboree.

JAMBOREE-KØBENHAVN - 1924 SPEIDERFES 21 AUG n an mar Mr. du derudo m Hinesore var alle Nationer, mar Pe ersen inde Indiere nis de med Tetar cg a 32 5, gar der er nel ous. sen hil alle pa ban

This Jamboree card was not mailed to the United States until September 15 but talks about the Jamboree.



Reproduction of front side of card

THIRD WORLD SCOUT JAMBOREE

The Third World Scout Jamboree was held at Arrowe Park, Birkenhead, England from July 29 – August 12, 1929 with about 50,000 Scouts from 69 countries. The Jamboree was officially opened by Baden-Powell and his old friend, Arthur, Duke of Connaught, whom he first met in India in 1883.



This postcard depicts Baden-Powell and the Duke of Connaught reviewing the 50,000 Scouts who marched by at the official opening of the Third Jamboree

Cover mailed home by a member of the American Contingent to the Jamboree. This cover has a August 4, 1929, Liverpool cancel. Most mail from the Jamboree received this cancel.



FOURTH WORLD SCOUT JAMBOREE

The Fourth World Scout Jamboree was held at Godollo, Hungary from August 2 - 13, 1933, with 25,792 Scouts from 46 countries. Baden-Powell opened the Jamboree with Regent Horthy, Hungarian head of state. This was first Jamboree honored with a set of Scout stamps which featured the White Stag, the national symbol of Hungary.

Complete set of Jamboree stamps on registered cover from Jamboree to Budapest - just 11 miles away.

MBORE Stanto- janos postatient urusk Budapest 72 ajl. rr. Gödöllő V. Jamboree 460 EGI POSTA

William Hillcourt also attended and met B-P. The cachet shows Hillcourt's well-known Green Bar Bill. He mailed hundreds of letters like this cover franked with Jamboree stamp and with a Jamboree cancel.

From at the Joseph F. Ulman, M. D., 2629 North 29th Street, Philadelphia, Penna. August 2-15, 1933 U. S. A.

FIFTH WORLD SCOUT JAMBOREE

The Fifth World Scout Jamboree was held at Vogelenzang, The Netherlands from July 31 – August 9, 1937, with 28,750 Scouts from 54 countries. Queen Wilhelmina opened the Jamboree with B-P. This was Baden-Powell's last official Scout activity before retirement.

Registered Jamboree cover with full set of Jamboree Scout stamps mailed to New York. **ERELD JAMBOREE** Registered. BLOEMENDAAL-VOGELENZANG VII115 ACMXXXV VII115 IAN CJAMBC CMXXXV JAMBC Mr.August A.Wasserscheid Seventy Two Gold Street New-York U.S.A. Jamboree 1937 Post card for XIV International Scout **Baden-Powell** with Conference in Vaduz Emanuel Prince of Liechtenstein shows B-P and Prince

national Scout Conference

VADUZ

th-13th August

1953

Principality of

ECHTENSTEI

LIECHTENSTEIN

VIII. 53

International Scout
Conference in Vaduz
shows B-P and Prince
Emanuel holding
Jacob's ladder, 1937
Jamboree symbol.
Franked with first set
of stamps with B-P in
Scout uniform. Card
autographed in 1953
by Prince Emanuel.

FAREWELL TO SCOUTING



BADEN-POWELL'S FAREWELL TO SCOUTING

"The time has come for me to say good-bye. You know that many of us will never meet again in this world. I am in my eighty-first year and am nearing the end of my life. Most of you are at the beginning, and I want your lives to be happy and successful. You can make them so by doing your best to carry out the Scout Law all your days, whatever your station and wherever you are.

I want you all to preserve the badge of the Jamboree on your uniform. It will be a reminder of the happy times you have had here in camp; it will remind you of many friends to whom you have held out the hand of friendship and so helped through good will to bring about God's reign of peace over men. Now good-bye. God bless you all!"

(July 31, 1937. Fifth World Jamboree, Vogelenzang, Holland)

RETIREMENT

Lord and Lady Baden-Powell retired to the Outspan, Nyeri, Kenya in October 1938 and moved into a cottage called Paxtu that was built specifically for him. They had visited Kenya in 1935 and selected the site of their retirement at that time. They lived there until his death.





Baden-Powell was nominated for the Nobel Peace Prize in 1939 but World War II intervened and no Peace Prize was given in 1939.

Alfred Nobel

DEATH – JANUARY 8, 1941

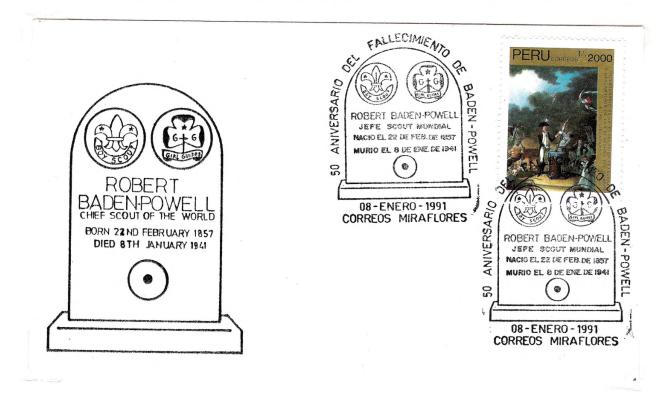
Essen, Germany slogan meter, January 8, 1991, for 50th anniversary of Baden-Powell's death.



Austrian Scout cancel commemorating the 30th anniversary of the death of Lord Baden- Powell of Gilwell on January 8, 1941 in Kenya.



Peru slogan cancel for 50th anniversary of death of Robert Baden-Powell, Chief Scout of the World. The circle with a dot in the center is B-P's trail sign meaning, "I have gone home."



DEATH – JANUARY 8, 1941



HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN PRINTERS HARRISON & SONS LTD LONDON

HARRISON AND SONSLIMITED

38 Warren Street, London, W.1. PHOTOGRAVURE AND LITHOGRAPHIC STAMP SPECIALISTS





Part of set of 4 stamps for 24th World Scout Conference in Nairobi, Kenya on July 16 – 23, 1973. A highlight of the Conference was opportunity to visit Baden-Powell's grave site in nearby Nyeri.

Imperforate Plate proof affixed to Printer's presentation card.

Lord Robert Stephenson Smyth Baden-Powell died quietly on January 8, 1941, with Olave at his side. He was buried near his cottage, Paxtu, in Nyeri, Kenya.



B-P's last message for Scouts, to be read at his death, is paraphrased as follows: "Be Prepared... Stick to your Scout Promise Always!"



THUS ENDS THE SECOND LIFE OF A HERO